

DSC-1A  
BS:104

## DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

[9016-17]

Theory: 4 credits and Practical: 1 credit  
Theory: 4 hours/week and Practical: 2 hours/week

2016-17



Objective: the course is aimed at exposing the students to some basic notions in differential calculus.

Outcome: by the time students complete the course they realize wide ranging applications of subject.

## Unit - I

## Successive differentiation:

Higher order derivatives, Calculation of the nth derivative, Some standard results, Determination of nth derivative of rational functions, The nth derivatives of the products of the powers of sines and cosines, Leibnitz's theorem, The nth derivative of the product of two functions.

## Expansion of Functions:

Maclaurin's theorem, Taylor's theorem.

## Mean Value Theorems:

Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem, Meaning of the sign of derivative, Graphs of hyperbolic functions, Cauchy's mean value theorem, Higher derivatives, Formal expansions of functions.

## Unit - II

## Indeterminate Forms:

Indeterminate forms, The indeterminate form  $0/0$ , The indeterminate form  $\infty/\infty$ , The indeterminate form  $0 \cdot \infty$ , The indeterminate form  $\infty - \infty$ , The indeterminate forms  $0^0, 1^\infty, \infty^0$ .

## Curvature and Evolutes:

Introduction, Definition of curvature, Length of arc as a function, Derivative of arc, Radius of curvature, Cartesian expansions, Newton's method, Centre of curvature, Chord of curvature, Evolute and involutes, Properties of the evolute.

## Unit - III

## Partial Differentiation – Homogeneous Functions – Total Derivative:

Introduction, Functions of two variables, Neighbourhood of a point  $(a, b)$ , Continuity of a function of two variables, continuity at a point, Limit of a function of two variables, Partial derivatives, Geometrical representation of a function of two variables, Homogeneous functions, Theorem on total differentials, composite functions, differentiation of composite functions; implicit functions.

## Unit - IV

## Maxima and Minima:

Maxima and minima of function of two variables, Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

SEMESTER-VI

## Field Trip - Syllabus

### (A) Numerical Analysis

(w.e.f. academic year 2019-20 batch onwards)

DSE-VI

2020-21

Theory: 5 credits and Tutorials: 0 credits

Theory: 5 hours/week and Tutorials: 1 hour/week



**Objective:** Students will be made to understand some methods of numerical analysis.

**Outcome:** Students realize the importance of the subject in solving some problems of algebra and calculus.

#### Unit- I

**Errors in Numerical Calculations** - Solutions of Equations in One Variable - The Bisection Method - The Iteration Method - The Method of False Position - Newton's Method - Muller's Method - solution of Systems of Nonlinear Equations.

#### Unit- II

**Interpolation and Polynomial Approximation** - Interpolation - Finite Differences - Difference of Polynomials - Newton's formula for interpolation - Gauss's central differences formulae - Stirling's and Bessel's formula - Lagrange's Interpolation Polynomial - Divided differences - Newton's General Interpolation formula - Inverse Interpolation.

#### Unit- III

**Curve Fitting:** Least Square Curve Fitting - Fitting a Straight Line - Nonlinear Curve Fitting  
**Numerical Differentiation and Integration:** Numerical Differentiation - Numerical Integration - Trapezoidal Rule - Simpson's 1/3rd-Rule and Simpson's 3/8th-Rule - Boole's and Weddle's Rule - Newton's Cotes Integration Formulas.

#### Unit- IV

**Numerical Solutions of Ordinary Differential Equations:** Taylor's Series Method - Picard's Method - Euler's Methods - Runge Kutta Methods

#### Text:

S.S. Sastry, *Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis*, PHI

#### References:

1] Richard L. Burden and J. Douglas Faires, *Numerical Analysis* (Be)

2] M. K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyengar and R. K. Jain, *Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering computation*

3] B. Bradie, *A Friendly introduction to Numerical Analysis*