M.Sc. (Physics) I - Semester Syllabus under CBCS pattern (For 2021-22 academic year onwards)

I-Semester (w.e.f. 2021-2022 academic year)

Paper	Comp.		Internal End Exam		Total	Total	No. of	
code	code	Title of the paper	Exam Marks	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	credits
		Theory	-			3		La 1999 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 1997 199
1.1	101	Mathematical Physics	20	80	32	100	40	04
1.2	102	Classical Mechanics	20	80	32	100	40	04
1.3	103	Solid State Physics	20	80	32	100	40	04
1.4	104	Analog and Digital Electronics	20	80	32	100	40	04
	Practical							L
1.5	105	General Physics – I	[100	40	100	40	04
1.6	106	Electronics - I		100	40	100	40	04
	Seminar			25	10	25	10	01
		'I'otal				625		25

1.1: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS

UNIT I: LEGENDRE AND BESSEL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Legendre differential equation and Legendre functions, Generating function of Legendre polynomials, Rodrigues formula for Legendre polynomials, orthogonal property of Legendre polynomials, recurrence formula. Power series solution equation --Bessel functions of First and Second kind –Generating function – Orthogonality – Neumann functions – Hankel functions -modified Bessel functions - Spherical Bessel functions - Recurrence relations.

UNIT II: LAGUERRE AND HERMITE DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS (12 Hrs)

Laguerre differential equations and polynomials, Generating function for Laguerre polynomials, recurrence relation, Rodrigues formula for Laguerre polynomials, orthogonality property. Hermite differential equation and polynomials, Generating function for Hermite polynomials. Integral formula for Hermite polynomial, Recurrence formula, Rodrigues formula, orthogonality of Hermite polynomials.

UNIT III: VARIABLE FUNCTIONS

Hypergeometric equation, Hypergeometric functions, Differentiation of hyper geometric function and its integral representation, linear transformations, representation of various functions in terms of hyper geometric functions, confluent hyper geometric functions, representation of various functions in terms of hyper geometric functions. Beta and gamma functions: symmetry property, evaluation and transformation of Beta function, evaluation of gamma function, transformation of gamma function, relation between beta and gamma functions. Evaluation of integrals using Beta & gamma functions.

UNIT IV: FOURIER AND LAPLACE TRANSFORMATION

Integral transforms, Fourier transforms and their properties, Convolution theorem for Fourier transforms, Parseval's theorem, Simple applications of Fourier transforms .Evaluation of integrals, solution of boundary value problems. Laplace transforms and their properties, Laplace transform of derivatives and integrals, Laplace transform of periodic functions, initial and final value theorem, Laplace transform of some special functions, inverse Laplace transforms, Convolution theorem.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Mathematical methods for Physicists Geroge B. Arfken & H.J.Weber (Academic Press)
- 2. Mathematical methods in Physics and Engineering L. A. Pipes
- 3. Mathematical Physics -Satyaprakash (S. Chand)
- 4. Mathematical Physics B. D. Gupta (Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd).

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(12Hrs)

(12Hrs)

(12 Hrs)

1.2: CLASSICAL MECHANICS

UNIT I: LAGRANGIAN FORMALISM

Mechanics of a system of particles, constrains of motion, generalized coordinates, Hamilton's variational principle and Lagrange equations, Lagrangian of a free particle and a system of particles with interaction, Lagrange's equations from D'Alembert's principle, velocity dependent forces, dissipative function, generalized momentum, conservation of momentum, cyclic coordinates and conservation of energy.

UNIT II: HAMILTONIAN FORMALISM

Hamiltonian and it's physical significance, Hamilton's equations, Hamilton's equations in different coordinate systems. Example: Harmonic Oscillator, motion of a particle in central force field, charged particle in an electromagnetic field. Compound pendulum, Routh's procedure, the Routhian, Poisson brackets, angular momentum and Poisson brackets, a modified variational principle, canonical transformations, Poissons brackets and canonical transformations.

UNIT III: HAMILTON-JACOBI THEORY

The Hamilton-Jacobi equation for Hamilton's principle function, the harmonic oscillator problem, Hamilton-Jacobi equation from Hamilton's characteristic function, separation of variables in the Hamilton-Jacobi equation, Action-angle variables in a system of one degree of freedom, action – angle variables for completely separable systems. The Lepler problem in action-angle variables, Hamilton-Jacobi theory – Application to geometrical optics and wave mechanics.

UNIT IV: SMALL OSCILLATIONS AND NORMAL MODES

Potential energy and equilibrium, stable, unstable and neutral equilibrium, one-dimensional oscillator, two coupled oscillators: solution of the differential equations, normal coordinates and normal modes, kinetic and potential energies in normal coordinates, general theory of small oscillations, secular equation and eigen value equation. Solution of the eigen value equation, small oscillations in normal coordinates, examples: two coupled pendulum, double pendulum, vibrations of a linear triatomic molecule

Books Recommended:

- 1. Classical Mechanics of Particles and Rigid Bodies Kiran C. Gupta (New Age International Publishers)
- 2. Classical Mechanics by Aruldas
- 3. Classical Mechanics by Goldstein (Narosa Publishing House)
- 4. Classical Mechanics by JC Upadhyaya (Himalaya Publishers)
- 5. Classical Mechanics by Satya Prakash.

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(10 Hrs.)

(13Hrs.)

(12 Hrs.)

(13 Hrs.)

1.3: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

UNIT I : BONDINGS IN SOLIDS AND X-RAY DIFFRACTION

Types of crystal bindings: London theory of Vander Waal forces, Cohesive energy of inert gas in solids, Ionic crystals, Madelung constant, Covalent Crystals. X-ray diffraction by crystals, X-ray powder diffractometer, Principle of electron diffraction, modern electron diffraction set-up, .principle of neutron diffraction, Neutron diffractometer.

Non-crystalline solids – Monatomic amorphous materials, Radial distribution function and Structure of vitreous Silica.

UNIT II: LATTICE VIBRATIONS

Elastic vibrations of continuous media, group velocity and phase velocity. Vibrations of monoatomic and diatomic linear lattice; concept of phonon experimental determination of dispersion relations, inelastic scattering of neutron by phonons. Infrared absorption by ionic crystals. Thermal expansion and thermal conductivity – Normal and Umklapp processes.

UNIT III: BAND THEORY OF SOLIDS

Bloch theorem, Kronig penny model, effective mass, distinction between materials, insulators and semiconductors; concept of a hole. Motion of electrons in a three dimensional lattice, constant energy surface and Brillouin Zones. Concentration of electrons and holes in an instrinsic semiconductor, model for an impurity semiconductor.

UNIT IV: MAGNETISM

Langevin's theory of diamagnetism, Quantum theory of paramagnetism, the rare-earth ions, iron group ions; quenching of orbital angular momentu.n. Ferromagnetism: Characteristic behaviour of ferromagnetic materials, spontaneous magnetization, Curie-Weiss law and hysteresis, interpretation in terms of the exchange integral, temperature dependence of spontaneous magnetization, Saturation magnetization at absolute zero. Ferromagnetic domains, anisotropy energy, transition between domains. Origin of domains, coercive force and hysteresis, concept of magnons.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Introduction to Solid State Physics -C. Kittel (Jhon Wiley & Sons)
- 2. Solid State Physics A. J. Dekker (Machmillan student editions)
- 3. Solid State and Semiconductor Physics -J. P.Mc kelvy (Krieger publications)
- 4. Principles of Solid State Physics R. A. Levy (Academic Press)
- 5. Elements of Solid State Physics -J. P. Srivastava (Prentice-Hall of India)
- 1. Quantum theory of Magnetism W. Nolting and A. Ramakanth, Spinger

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(10Hrs)

(14Hrs)

(12Hrs)

(12Hrs)

1.4: ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS

UNIT I : AMPLIFIERS

Transistor biasing – Operating point, Bias stability, Types of biasing methods, Feedback concepts, Feedback topologies and classification, Analysis of RC coupled CE amplifier: low, mid and high frequency response, Bode plot, Emitter follower - Frequency response, Darlington pair - cascade connection, Large signal amplifiers: classification – Class A, Class B - Pushpull amplifier – Harmonic distortion – Class AB amplifier – Class C tuned amplifier.

UNIT II: OSCILLATORS AND OPTO-ELECTRONIC DEVICES (12 Hrs)

Oscillators: Principles of oscillations, Barkhausen criterion, Classification of Oscillators, Colpitts Oscillator, Hartley Oscillator, Phase-shift Oscillator, Wien Bridge Oscillator, Crystal Oscillator, Multivibrators: Astable, Monostable and Bistable multivibrators.

Opto-electronic devices: Radiative and non-radiative transition, Light dependent resistor (LDR), Photodiodes, phototransistors, Photovoltaic (Solar) cell materials, construction and operation of LED, Diode laser: Structure, working and factors affecting performance.

UNIT III: BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

(12 Hrs)

Boolean algebra -Laws and identities, De Morgan's theorems, Simplification of Boolean expressions using Boolean identities, Standard representation of Logic functions, canonical sum, canonical product, Logic simplification using Boolean algebra, Karnaugh maps (2, 3 & 4 variable).

Combinational Logic Circuits & Design: Adders, Subtractors, Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Comparators, Parity Circuits, Three-state devices, designing combinational logic circuits.

UNIT IV : SEQUENTIAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

Flip-flops: SR, D, T, JK and JK Master-slave, Registers: Shift registers, SISO, SIPO, PISO and PIPO registers, Universal shift register (IC7496), Shift register counters - Ring counter, Johnson Counter- Asynchronous (Ripple) counter, Modulo-N counter, Synchronous counter, Up/Down Counters - ripple counter IC7493 - Decade counter IC7490 - working, Truth-table and timing diagrams.

Recommended Books

1

- 1. Integrated Electronics Millman & Halkias (Tata McGraw Hill)
- 2. Electronic Principals Malvino & Bates (Tata McGraw Hill 7th edition)
- 3. A first course in electronics Anwar Khan & Kanchan Dey (PHI, 2006)
- 4. Electronic Devices and Circuits Bogart (Pearson education)
- 5. Optoelectronics- an Introduction, Wilson, J. F. B.Hawkes, (PHI, 2003)
- 6. Fundamentals of Photonics. B.E.A. Salesh; M.C.Teich, (John Wiley, 2nd edition, 2012).
- 7. Digital Principles and Applications Malvino & Leach (TMH)
- 8. Modern Digital Electronics RP Jain (Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd edition)
- 9. Fundamentals of Digital Circuits Anand Kumar(PHI)

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(12 Hrs)

(12 Hrs)

GENERAL PHYSICS – I LABORATORY

- 1. Determination of Rydberg's constant.
- 2. Newton's Rings Determination of Poisson's ratio.
- 3. Verification of Beer –Lambert Law.
- 4. Specific heat of a Solid (cylindrical graphite sample).
- 5. Study the characteristics of LASER.
- 6. Determine the thickness of a thin sheet by using Fresnel Biprism
- 7. To determination of a lattice constant in a cubic crystal by using X-ray spectrum.
- 8. Determination of a wavelength of source by using Diffraction single slit method

ELECTRONICS-ILABORATORY

- 1. Transistor RC-coupled amplifier: To construct and study the frequency response of single stage amplifier
- 2. Collector-coupled Astable multivibrator: I'o construct and determine the frequency of oscillation
- 3. To construct an Hartley oscillator using transistor and compare the frequency of oscillation with the theoretical value.
- 4. To construct a Colpitts oscillator using transistor and compare the frequency of oscillation with the theoretical value.
- 5. Emitter follower: To determine the voltage gain, input impedance and output impedance.
- 6. Digital experiments: a) Verification of DeMorgans Theorem. b) Construction and verification of half and full adder circuits
- 7. Realize the following flip-flops using NAND Gates: RS, JK, D & and JK-Master-Slave Flip-Flop.
- 8. Design and implement different mod counters (a) synchronous, (b) Asynchronous.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Advanced practical Physics Wornsop & Flint
- 2. Advanced Practical Physics Vol.1 S P Singh (Pragati Prakashan).
- 3. A Text Lab manual in Electronics Zbar (Tata McGraw Hill).
- 4. Lab manual for Electronic Devices and Circuits David A Bell, 4th Edition (PHI).
- 5. Linear Integrated Circuits Shail B. Jain & B. Ray Choudhury (New Age International Publishers, 2nd edition).
- 6. Linear Integrated Circuits Shalivahanan & V S Bhaaskaran (Tata McGraw Hill, 2008).

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M.Sc. (Physics) II - Semester Syllabus under CBCS pattern (For 2021-22 academic year onwards)

II-Semester (w.e.f. 2021-2022 academic year)

Paper	Comp.		Internal	End Exam		Total	Total	No. of
code	code	Title of the paper	Exam	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	credits
			Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	Marks	
		Theory						
2.1	201	Statistical Mechanics	20	80	32	100	40	04
2.2	202	Quantum Mechanics-1	20	80	32	100	40	04
2.3	203	Integrated circuits &	20	80	32	100	40	04
2.4	204	Analog modulation MATLAB and Applications	20	80	32	100	40	04
		Practical		1	.1	L		
2.5	205	General Physics – II		100	40	100	40	04
2.6	206	Electronics - II		100	40	100	40	04
Seminar				25	10	25	10	01
	Total 625							25

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2.1: STATISTICAL MECHANICS

Unit I: ENSEMBLES

Concept of ensembles, Ensemble average, Microcanonical ensemble (MCE) – Thermodynamics in MCE – Entropy of an Ideal gas in MCE – Gibbs paradox – Sackur – Tetrode equation – Canonical ensemble (CE) – Thermodynamics in CE – Ideal gas in CE – Maxwell's velocity distribution – Equipartition energy theorem – Grand canonical ensemble (GCE) – Thermodynamics in GCE – Ideal gas in GCE – Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein distribution functions from grand canonical partition function.

UNIT II: BOSE SYSTEMS

Equation of state for Ideal BE and FD gases – Photons – Planks distribution Law – Photons –Specific heat of solids – Einstein and Debye's theories – Bose Einstein Condensation – Liquid He – Two fluid model – Photons – Rotons – Super fluidity.

UNIT III : FERMI SYSTEMS

Ideal Fermi gas – Free electron model – electronic specific heat –thermionic emission – Pauli Paramagnetism – Landau diamagnetism – Boltzsman transport equation – Electrical conductivity – Thermal conductivity – Weiderman – Franzlaw – Non-equilibrium semiconductors – Electron-hole recombination- Classical Hall effect and Quantum Hall effect.

UNIT IV: FLUCTUATIONS AND PHASE TRANSITIONS

Fluctuations, Mean square deviation, fluctuations in ensembles, concentration fluctuations on quantum states, Classification of phase transitions, Vander Waal's equation of state, Maxwell's construction, Law of corresponding states, Clausius--Clapeyran equation, Critical exponents, Inequalities scaling hypothesis. Ising model, equivalence of Ising model to other models, solution to 1-D Ising model.

Text and reference books

- 1. Statistical Mechanics Agarwal & Melvin Eisner (New age International).
- 2. Statistical Mechanics -- Kerson Huang(John Wiley & Sons)
- 3. Statistical Mechanics -R. K. Srivastava & J. Ashok (Prentice-Hall of India).
- 4. Statistical Physics L. D. Landau & E. M. Lifshits (Pergamom)
- 5. Statistical Mechanics -D. A. McQuarrie (Harper & Row).
- 6. Equilibrium statistical physics --M. Plischke and B. Bergesen
- 1. Modern theory of critical phenomena -S. K. Ma

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(13 Hrs)

(10 Hrs)

(11 Hrs)

(14 Hrs)

2.2: QUANTUM MECHANICS-1

UNIT I: BRA AND KET NOTATION

Principle of superposition. Bra and Ket vectors, linear operators. Hermitian operators. Eigen values and Eigen vectors of Hermitian operators. Complete set of states, Complete set of commuting operators. Continuous spectrum of Eigen values, Orthogonality.

UNIT II: REPRESENTATIONS

Properties of Dirac –Delta function. Orthogonal basis, Representation for Ket, Bra and operator, Wave functions as a representation of Ket, position and momentum representations, Poisson brackets, Quantum conditions, Equation of motion, Schrodinger, Heisenberg and Interaction pictures. Ehrenfest theorem. Harmonic oscillator problem in terms of creation and annihilation operators.

UNIT III: EXACTLY SOLVABLE PROBLEMS

Spherically symmetric potentials in 3 dimensions, orbital angular momentum operator. Commutation relations, Eigen vectors and Eigen values of L^2 and L_z . Pauli spin operators. Hydrogen atom problem, vibrating rotator, rigid rotator and 1D harmonic oscillator.

UNIT IV: APPROXIMATE METHODS

Time independent perturbation theory: Non-degenerate levels. Application to normal He atom and anharmonic oscillator. Degenerate levels-application to first order stark effect in hydrogen atom with n=2 and to normal Zeeman effect

Time dependent perturbation theory: Transition amplitude in first and second order, first order transition constant perturbation, Fermi golden rule, harmonic perturbation, Emission and absorption probabilities, Einstein A and B Coefficients.

Variation method, application to normal Helium atom.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Quantum Mechanics Ajoy Ghatak & S. Loknathan (Macmillan India Ltd).
- 2. The principles of Quantum Mechanics P. A. M. Dirac(Oxford University Press)
- 3. Quantum Mechanics -L. L. Schiff (McGraw Hill)
- 4. A Text Book of Quantum Mechanics P. M. Mathews & K. Venkatesam (Tata McGraw Hill)

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(10 Hrs)

(12 Hrs)

(12Hrs)

(14Hrs)

2.3: INTEGRATED CIRCUITS & ANALOG MODULATION

UNIT I : OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS (IC741) AND APPLICATIONS (12 Hrs)

Difference amplifiers using BJT and types - Block diagram of typical Op-Amp - IC741 Op-Amp: Features, PIN out, Performance electrical parameters and ideal characteristics - Open and closed loop configurations - Inverting and Non-inverting amplifier. Applications of Op-Amps: Voltage follower – Adder, Subtractor, Differentiator and Integrator, Logarithmic and antilog amplifiers – Wien-bridge sine-wave generator – Square-wave and Triangle-wave generators. **Active Filters:** Introduction – Low-pass, High-pass, Band-pass, Band-reject and All-pass firstorder filters and their design

UNIT II: SPECIALIZED ICS:(IC555, IC565 & VOLTAGE REGULATORS) (12 Hrs)

IC555 timer - Description of functional diagram – Astable and monostable operations, Voltagecontrolled oscillator, Schmitt trigger. Phase-locked loops – Operating principles - IC565 monolithic phase-locked loops – 565 PLL Applications: Frequency multiplier – Frequency shift keying demodulator.

IC Voltage regulators: Basics of voltage regulator -- IC Regulators (78xx, 79xx, LM317, LM337, 723)

UNIT III: 8085 MICROPROCESSOR

Evolution of Microprocessors - Intel 8085 Microprocessor - Architecture of 8085 microprocessor - Instruction cycle, Fetch Cycle, Execute cycle (Timing diagram), Machine cycle and clock states. Interrupts - Hardware and Software, Address space partitioning - Memory mapped I/O & I/O mapped I/O. Instruction set of 8085 microprocessor and its classification - Types of addressing modes - Programming of 8085 microprocessor: Addition (8 and 16 bit), 8 bit subtraction, multiplication and division - Finding the largest and smallest number in data array.

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M.Sc. (Physics) II - Semester Syllabus under CBCS pattern (For 2021-22 academic year onwards)

UNIT IV: BASICS OF ANALOG MODULATION

(12 Hrs)

Need for modulation - Types of modulation - Amplitude Modulation: Analysis of Amplitude modulation, Frequency spectrum of AM, modulation index, AM generation: Collector modulator, Balanced modulator, Detection of AM – Square-law diode detector. Frequency Modulation: Analysis of FM, Frequency spectrum of FM wave, Average power of FM wave, Working of simple frequency modulator, Varactor diode FM modulator, detection of FM waves: Balanced slope FM discriminator, Phase modulation (PM): Analysis and characteristics, Advantages of frequency modulation, AM and FM transmitters and radio receivers (Block diagram approach).

Recommended Books:

- 1. Op amps and linear Integrated Circuits Ramakanth A GayKwad (PHI).
- 2. Linear Integrated Circuits Coughlin and Driscoll (PHI, 2014).
- 3. Linear Integrated circuits Shail B. Jain & Roy Choudhury (New Age International Publishers 2nd edition).
- 4. Linear Integrated circuits S.Salivahanan & V.S. Bhaaskaran (Tata McGraw Hill).
- 5. Electronic Communication Systems-G. Kennedy & Bernard Davis (Tata McGraw Hill).
- 6. Principles of Electronic Communication Systems Louis E Freznel, TMH.
- 7. Microprocessors: Architecture and Programming and Applications with 8085 Ramesh S. Gaonkar, Penram Intl' Publishing.
- 8. Microprocessors and Microcomputers B. Ram, TMH.
- 9. Introduction to Microprocessor -- Aditya P.Mathur -- TMH.

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2.4: MATLAB AND APPLICATIONS

UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO MATLAB

MATLAB Windows, On-line help, functions, MATLAB as a calculator, MATLAB operations: arithmetic operations rational operations, logical operations, variables, ,display formats, complex numbers, , Interactive Computations: : Matrices and Vectors, Creating vectors, Matrix manipulation, creating vectors, Matrix and array operations, Elementary math functions, Matrix functions, Vectorization, character strings.

UNIT II: PROGRAMMING IN MATLAB

Functions: command line functions, using Built - in functions, files, Loops, Branches and Control flow :IF-END, IF -ELSE-END, ELSE-IF, SWITCH CASE, FOR LOOPS, WHILE LOOPS, .: saving and loading data.

Script files: M files, creating ,saving and executing, general structural of files, scope of variables, recursive functions, files In-put/Out-put, opening and closing files, writing formatted output files, reading formatted data from files, writing and reading binary files.

UNIT III: MATLAB - NUMERICAL METHODS

Linear Algebra, finding the solutions of linear systems: Gaussian elimination, finding eigen values and eigen vectors of Matrix, matrix factorization, Jacobi, Gauss-siedal method, Successive over relaxation methods, curve fitting: Polynomial curve fitting on the fly, Linear curve fitting, least squar, curve fitting, transcendental equations : Bisection ...ethod, Newton Raphson method, Numerical integration by Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule and Gauss's quadrature. Basic principles, Formulae -- Algorithms.

UNIT IV: GRAPHICS USING MATLAB

Line styles, markers and colors, important plotting commands (line, lables, legend and tile commands), axis control, zoom in and zoom out, modifying plots with the plot editor, obtaining numerical values from graphs, 2-D plots and 3-D plots, Handle Graphics: object handles, objective properties and modifying the existing plot, saving plotting graphs.

Books Recommended:

- 1. MATLAB programming by Rudrapratap.
- 2. Programming in MATLAB by Marc E. Hermitter (Thomson Brooks)
- 3. Numerical Mathematical Analysis -U. B. Scarborough (OXFORD & IBH publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd)
- 4. Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation -M. K. Jain
- 5. Computer Oriented Numerical Methods V. Rajaraman (PHI Pvt. Ltd)
- 6. Numerical Methods, E. Balaguruswamy (Tata McGraw Hill)

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(12 Hrs)

(14 Hrs)

(10 Hrs)

(12 Hrs)

GENERAL PHYSICS – II LABORATORY

- 1. Michelson interferometer Determination of wavelength, $\boldsymbol{\lambda}$
- 2. Velocity of Ultrasonic waves in liquids using Interferometer.
- 3. Thermal expansion by Fizeau's method (Coefficient of linear expansion of Brass).
- 4. Study the elastic constants of glass by Cornu's interference method –elliptical and hyperbolic fringes.
- 5. Determination of Numerical aperture and loses in optical fiber.
- 6. Study the characteristics of Solar Cell.
- 7. MATLAB Programmes
 - a) Fitting data straight-line.
 - b) Solving a system of linear equations using Bisection and Gauss elimination Methods.
 - c) Finding the eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix.
 - d) Evaluating the Integrals using Trapezoidal rule and Simpson's rule.

ELECTRONICS – II LABORATORY

PART-I: INTEGRATED CIRCUITS:

- 1. Operational Amplifiers (IC741) Determination of CMRR, Slew-rate and output impedance.
- 2. Op-Amp (IC741): Frequency response of inverting and non-inverting amplifier.
- 3. Op-amp (IC741): Differentiator and Integrator Observation of input and output waveforms and study the frequency response.
- 4. IC Voltage Regulators (78XX and 79XX) To study the line and load regulation characteristics
- 5. IC555 timer Monostable multivibrator: To construct and determination of pulse width.
- 6. IC555 timer Voltage controlled oscillator: To construct and study the variation of frequency of the oscillation with applied voltage.
- 7. Amplitude Modulation
- 8. Frequency Modulation

PART-II: MICROPROCESSOR EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Programs for data transfer, arithmetic and logical operations.
- ? Programs for array operations finding out the longest and smallest in a data array.

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- 3. Programs for arranging Hex. numbers in ascending and descending order.
- 4. Programs to find the square root, finding the sum of 'n' natural numbers and finding the sum of squares of the 'n' natural numbers.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Advanced practical Physics Wornsop & Flint
- 2. Advanced Practical Physics, Vol.1 S P Singh (Pragati prakashan).
- 3. A Text Lab manual in Electronics Zbar (Tata McGraw Hill).
- 4. Lab manual for Electronic Devices and Circuits David A Bell, (4th Edition PHI)
- 5. Linear Integrated Circuits Shail B.Jain & B.Ray Choudhury (New Age International Publishers, 2nd Edition).
- 6. Linear Integrated Circuits Shalivahanan & V S Bhaaskaran (Tata McGraw Hill, 2008).
- 7. MATLAB programming by Rudrapratap.
 8. Programming in MATLAB by Marc E. Hermitter (Thomson Brooks)

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III-Semester (w.e.f. 2022-2023 academic year)

Domon	Comp. code	Title of the paper	Internal Exam Marks	End Exam		Total	Total	No. of
Paper code				Max. Marks	Min. Marks	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	credits
		Theory						
3.1 3.2	301 302	Quantum Mechanics -II Nuclear Physics	20 20	80 80	32 32	100 100	40 40	04 04
3.3A	303A	Solid state Physics: (Special - I) (OR)						
3.3B	303B	Electronics: (Special -) Microprocessor-8086	20	80	32	100	40	04
3.3C	303C	(OR) Nanoscience:(SPL) Materials Science - I						
3.4A	304A	Solid state Physics: (Special - II) (OR)						
3.4B	304B	Electronics:(Special - II) Electronic	20	80	32	100	40	04
3.4C	304C	Communication Systems (OR) Nanoscience - SPL- II						
		Practical						
3.6	306	General Physics – II		100	40	100	40	04
3.7A	 307A	Solid State Physics (Special-I) (OR)						
3.7B 3.7C	307B 307C	Electronics (Special-I) (OR) Nanoscience –I		100	40	100		04
		Practicals						
Seminar				25	10	25	10	01
		Total	I		I	625		25

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M.Sc. Physics III-Semester Theory

3.1 QUANTUM MECHANICS -II

<u>Unit-I</u>:

Symmetry in Quantum Mechanics: Space and time displacements. Unitary displacement operator. Equation of motion. Symmetry and degeneracy. Matrix elements for displaced states. The group concept. Time displacement. Rotational symmetry. Infinitesimal rotation generators. **General Angular momentum**: Angular momentum operators. Eigen values of J^2 and J_z . Pauli spin operators. Matrix representation of J in $|jm\rangle$ basis. Addition of angular momenta and Clebsh- Gordon coefficients.

<u>Unit-II</u> :

Scattering theory: The scattering cross-section. Wave mechanical picture of scattering – the scattering amplitude, Green's functions. Formal expression for scattering amplitude. The Born and Eikonal approximations. Partial wave analysis. Scattering amplitude in terms of phase shifts. Optical theorem. Exactly solvable problems – scattering by a square well potential, hard sphere and Coulomb potential.

<u>Unit-III</u> :

Relativistic Quantum Mechanics: Klein- Gordon equation – plane wave solution – charge and current densities. Interaction with electromagnetic field for hydrogen like atom. Non-relativistic limit. Dirac equation. Dirac matrices. Plane wave solution and energy spectrum. Properties of Dirac spinors. Positive and negative energy states. Free Dirac particle in an external electromagnetic field. Spin-orbit interaction.

<u>Unit-IV</u> :

Many Particle system: Identical particles, permutation operator, symmetrization, Slater determinant. Pauli exclusion principle. Central field approximation. Thomas Fermi statistical model. Evaluation of the potential. Hartree self consistent field – connection with variation method.

Molecular bonding: Bonding, anti-bonding and non-bonding orbitals. Fundamental principles of molecular orbital theory. LCAO approximation. Molecular orbital theory of hydrogen molecular ion and hydrogen molecule. Discussion of improved wave functions for H_2^+ ion; Valence bond theory of hydrogen molecule. Comparison of molecular orbital and valence bond theories.

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12Hrs

10Hrs

12Hrs

14Hrs

M.Sc. Physics III-Semester Theory

Recommended Books:

- 1. Quantum Mechanics L.I. Schiff., McGraw Hill, New York.
- 2. A Text Book of Quantum Mechanics P.M. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, TMH.
- 3. Quantum Mechanics A.K. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, MacMillan
- 4. Introduction to Molecular Orbital Theory Turner, PHI..
- 5. Molecular structure and Spectroscopy-G. Aruldas, PHI.
- 6. A text book of Quantum Mechanics-G.Aruldas, PHI.
- 7. Quantum Mechanics Max Born
- 8. Quantum Mechanics Concepts and Applications by Nouredine Zetili, Wiley, Ed., 2021
- 9. An Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, *P.T.Mathews* Mc Graw Hill Publishing Company, 1974

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3.2 NUCLEAR PHYSICS

<u>Unit-I</u> :

Properties of Atomic Nucleus: Theories of Nuclear Composition- Proton-Electron, Proton-Neutron, Neutron-Positron and Antiproton-Neutron. Binding Energy, Semi-empirical Mass Formula (nuclear stability), Quantum Numbers for individual nucleons, Quantum Properties of nuclear states, Nuclear Angular Momentum. Nuclear Magnetic Dipole moment with determination methods, Classical Multipole Moments for point charges, Electric Quadrupole Moment, Potential well, Quantum Statistics.

Radioactivity and Isotopes: Fundamental laws of Radioactivity, Dosimetry, measurements ofdecay constants, Radioactive dating, natural radioactive series, Isotopes, their separation and uses.

<u>Unit-II</u> :

Nuclear Forces: Deuteron-properties nuclear force, Number of excited S-states, Range and depth of potential, excited states of the deuteron. Neutron-Proton scattering at low Energies - scattering length, phase shift, spin dependence, coherent scattering, shape independent effective range theory, Proton-Proton scattering at low energies. Similarity between (nn) and (pp) forces, non-central forces - experimental evidence for the existence of non-central forces, general form of this force, its properties, ground state of the deuteron, n-p scattering below 10 Mev, High energy n-p and p-p scattering, Meson theory of nuclear forces.

<u>Unit-III</u>:

Nuclear Fission and Fusion: Nuclear fission-Types of fission, distribution of fission products, Neutron emission in Fission. Fissile and Fertile materials, spontaneous fission, Deformation of liquid drop; Bohr and Wheeler's theory, Quantum effects, Nuclear Fusion and thermo nuclear reactions, controlled thermonuclear reactions - Hydrogen bomb, different methods for the production of fusion reactions.

Unit-IV:

Introduction to Elementary Particles: Introduction, Classification of Elementary Particles, Particle Interactions - Gravitational, Electromagnetic, strong and weak, Conservation laws, Invariance under charge, parity, C.P., time and C.P.T.; Lepton and Baryon number. Elementary particle symmetries – SU(2) and SU(3) symmetries. Quarks.

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Recommended Books:

- 1. Nuclear Physics D.C.Tayal, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 2. Introductory Nuclear Physics *Kenneth S Krane*, John Wiley.
- 3. Elements of Nuclear Physics *M.L.Pandya and R.P.S.Yadav*, Sarika Offset Press, Meerut.
- 4. Atomic and Nuclear Physics Shatendra Sharma, Pearson Education.
- 5. Nuclear Physics R.P.Roy and B.P.Nigam, New Age International Ltd.

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3.3B. Electronics Special –I (Microprocessor-8086)

<u>UNIT-I:</u>

INTEL 8086 Architecture - Bus Interface Unit (BIU), Execution Unit, Pin Description, External Memory Addressing, Bus cycles, Important companion chips: Intel 8284A, Intel 8286/8287.Intel 8282/8283, Maximum mode Bus cycles, 8086 System configuration, Memory interfacing, Minimum Mode System Configurations - Interrupt Processing, Direct Memory Access, Compatibility between the 8088, 80186 and 80286.

<u>UNIT-II</u>:

Programming of 8086 - Addressing modes of 8086, Instruction Set of 8086 – Data transfer Instructions - Arithmetic instructions – Logical instructions – Shift and Rotate Instructions, Adjustment Instructions, Flag related instruction control Transfer Instructions, Process control Instructions, Level of programming, Flowchart Assembly language program development tools, Variables and constants used in assemblers, Assembler directives, Procedures and macro, Interrupts of personal computers, Hand coding of assembly language programs, Examples of 8086 assembly language programs.

UNIT-III

Data Transfer Schemes and Peripheral interfaces –Parallel transmission – Programmed IO – Interrupt driven IO – Direct memory access (DMA) – Serial Transmission – Universal Synchronous Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (USART) -8251. – pin diagram – Block diagrams of 8251. 8251– control word – 8251 interfacing in I/O mapped I/O.

Parallel I/O methods, Programmable Peripheral Interface (8255A), key board / displaying Interface (8579), Priority interrupts Controller (8259A), DMA Controller (8237) Programmable interval Timer (8254), Interface of DAC 0800.

UNIT-IV

Intel 80x86 family of processors -INTEL 80186, Pins and signals of 80186, Architecture of 80186, INTEL 80286, Pins and signals of 80286, Architecture of 80286, Real address mode of 80286, Protected virtual address mode of 80286, INTEL 80386, Pins and signals of 80386, Architecture of 80386 microprocessor. Registers of 80386 microprocessor, Operating modes of 80386 microprocessor, INTEL 80486 microprocessor, Pins and signals of 80486, Architecture of 80486, Pentium microprocessor, Pins and signals of Pentium microprocessor, Architecture of Pentium processors.

Recommended books:

1. The 8086 Microprocessor: Programming & Interfacing the PC - By Kenneth J. Ayala a. Penram International Publishing, 1995.

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- **2.** Microprocessor 8086, Architecture, programming and Interfacing- Sunil Mathur, PHI Learning PVT. LTD, NEWDELHI
- **3.** The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088, 80186/80188, 80286,80386,80486, Pentium, Pentium Pro Processor, Pentium II, Pentium III, Pentium 4, Architecture, Programming, and Interfacing By Barry B. Brey, 6th Ed., PHI / PEA, 17th Reprint, 2003.
- 4. Advanced Microprocessors and Interfacing By Badri Ram, TMH, 2nd Reprint 2002
- **5.** The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications By Walter A Triebel and Avtar Singh, PHI, 4th Ed., 2002.
- **6.** Yu Cheng Lin and Glenn A. Gibson, "Microcomputer systems: The 8086/8088 Family Architecture, Programming and Design", PHI,1992.
- 7. A NagoorKani ,8086 Microprocessor and its applications, McGraw-Hill, Second edition.
- **8.** RS Goankar, Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with 8086, Wiley Eastern Edition.

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M.Sc. Physics III-Semester Theory

3.4B: Electronics – Special – II (Electronic Communication Systems)

<u>Unit-I</u>:

Pulse Modulation Systems: Introduction - Pulse amplitude modulation (PAM), Natural sampling, Flat-top sampling, PAM Modulator circuit, Demodulation of PAM Signals, PAM Demodulator circuit.

Pulse Code Modulation (PCM), Quantization of signals, Quantization error, Electrical representation of binary signals, PCM system, Equalization, Companding, Time division Multiplexing (TDM) of PCM signals - Synchronous & Asynchronous TDM, Bandwidth of PCM system; Delta Modulation (DM) system, Limitations of DM, Differential PCM.

<u>Unit-II</u>:

Data Transmission Techniques: Introduction, Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK), Frequency Shift Keying (FSK) system, Phase Shift Keying (PSK) system, Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK), QPSK Transmitter and Receiver, Differential Phase Shift Keying (DPSK), DPSK Transmitter and Receiver, Baseband signal receiver, Probability of error, Optimum filter, Matched filter, Correlator.

<u>Unit-III</u>:

Optical Fiber Communication: Introduction, Total internal reflection, Acceptance angle, Numerical aperture, Optical Fiber construction, Optical Fiber Configurations, Optical Fiber Classifications – Single-mode step-index, multi-mode step-index, single-mode graded-index and multi-mode graded-index fibers; Losses in Optical fibers – Absorption, Scattering, dispersion and radiation losses; Modal dispersion-Types, Coupling or Splice losses, Optical sources – Homojunction and Heterojunction LEDs, Lasers – Types, Characteristics and Basic laser construction; Light Detectors – PIN diodes, Avalanche Photodiode (APD); Optical Fiber Communication system (Block diagram).

Unit-IV:

Transmission Lines: Introduction, Primary line constants, Phase velocity and line wavelength, Characteristic impedance, Propagation coefficient, Phase and group velocities, Standing waves, Lossless line at radio frequencies, Voltage Standing Wave Ratio(VSWR), Slotted-line measurements at radio frequencies, Transmission lines as circuit elements, Smith chart.

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M.Sc. Physics III-Semester Theory

Recommended Books:

- 1. Communication Systems R.P. Singh and S.D. Sapre, TMH
- 2. Principles of Communication Systems *H. Taub, D. L. Schilling, Goutam Saha* (3rd edition), TMH
- 3. Optical Fiber Communication Gerd Keiser, 4th edition, TMH
- 4. Electronic Communication Systems *Wayne Tomasi*, 5th edition, Pearson Education
- 5. Electronic Communications *Dennis Roddy and John Coolen*, 4th edition, Pearson Education.
- 6. Electronic Communication System G. Kennedy.

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M.Sc. Physics III Semester Practicals

3.6. General Physics-II Laboratory

- 1. Determination of 'g' factor using ESR spectrometer.
- 2. Analysis of square wave, clipped sine wave, saw tooth wave using Fourier analysis.
- 3. To study the characteristics of a given photo conductive cell and the spectral response.
- 4. To study the characteristics of G M counter and to find out its operating voltage.
- 5. Verify the inverse square law for γ -rays using G M counter.
- 6. Using G.M counter find the operational voltage by Least square fitting method.
- 7. Determination of energy gap of an intrinsic semiconductor by Four Probe Method.
- 8. Determination of e/m of an electron using helical method.

3.7A Solid State Physics Special – I Laboratory

- 1. Determination of co-efficient of thermal conductivity of a single crystal.
- 2. Determination of the ferromagnetic Curie temperature of monel metal.
- 3. Determination of paramagnetic susceptibility using Guoy balance.
- 4. Indexing of Laue pattern.
- 5. Indexing of a Debye-Scherrer film Accurate determination of lattice constant using least squares method.
- 6. Determination of lattice constant using symmetric focusing camera.
- 7. Determination of lattice constant using X Ray Diffractometer.

3.7B Electronics Special - I Labaratory

Part-I: Communication Systems

- 1. Study of sampling techniques- a) Natural, b) Sample and Hold, c) Flat top sampling.
- 2. To study Pulse amplitude modulation and Demodulation IC 555 timer.
- 3. To study Pulse width Modulation and demodulation IC555 timer.
- 4. To study Pulse Position Modulation and demodulation IC555 timer.
- 5. To study Pulse Code Modulation and demodulation IC555 timer.
- 6. To study Amplitude shift keying (ASK) Technique.
- 7. To study Phase shift keying (PSK) Technique.
- 8. To study Frequency shift keying (FSK) Technique.

Part-II: Experiments with MATLAB

- 1. To verify Nyquist sampling theorem for over sampling and under sampling.
- 2. To study the Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) and demodulation.
- 3. To study the Pulse Position Modulation (PPM) and demodulation.

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- 4. To find scatterplot of M symbols in PSK.
- 5. To study the FSK modulation and demodulation.
- 6. To determine the signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) for PCM coded PSK and FSK.

<u>Part-III: Microprocessor 8086 Experiments:</u> (Assembly Language Programming and Interfacing with 8086 -)

- 1. Programs for data transfer, arithmetic and logical operations.
- 2. Programs for array operations finding out the largest and smallest in a data array.
- 3. Programs for arranging hex. numbers in ascending and descending order.
- 4. Programs to find the square root, finding the sum of 'n' natural numbers and finding the sum of squares of the 'n' natural numbers.
- 5. Program to convert digital signals to analog signals (DAC) conversion of digital to DC voltages (-5 V to +5V) using DAC-0800.
- 6. Programs to generate waveforms viz., square, saw tooth and triangular using DAC.
- 7. Program to generate tones of different frequencies.
- 8. Program to demonstrate stepper motor control.

<u>3.7C. Nanoscience - I Practicals</u>

- 1. To determine the resistivity of a graphite sample using four probe method
- 2. To study the Curie temperature of a ferromagnetic material.
- 3. To study the magneto resistance behavior of Ge crystal at room temperature.
- 4. Determination of lattice constant using XRD.
- 5. Sol-Gel synthesis of nanoparticles
- 6. Synthesis of Silver metal nanoparticles by chemical route.
- 7. Synthesis of Copper oxide nanoparticles.
- 8. Grain size estimation using XRD and AFM.

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IV-Semester (w.e.f. 2022-2023 academic year)

Daman	Comp. code	Title of the paper	Internal	End Exam		Total	Total	No. of
Paper code			Exam Marks	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	Max. Marks	Min. Marks	No. of credits
		Theory						
4.1	401	Electromagnetic Theory and Optics	20	80	32	100	40	04
4.2	402	Molecular and Resonance Spectroscopy	20	80	32	100	40	04
4.3A	403A	Solid State Physics: (Special – III) (OR)						
4.3B	403B	Electronics: (Special -III) Microcontrollers (OR)	20	80	32	100	40	04
4.3C	403C	Nanoscience SPL (Materials Science – II)						
4.4A	404A	Solid State Physics: (Special –IV) (OR)						
4.4B	404B	Electronics:(Special -IV) Satellite and Mobile	•			100		
4.4C	404C	Communication (OR) Nanoscience -SPL -II	20	80	32	100	40	04
		Practical						•
4.6	406	General Physics – II		100	40	100	40	04
4.7A	407A	Solid State Physics (Special-I) (OR)						
4.7B	407B	Electronics (Special-I) (OR)		100	40	100	40	04
4.7C	407C	Nanoscience -II Practicals						
Seminar				25	10	25	10	01
		Total					625	

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M.Sc. Physics IV-Semester Theory

4.1. ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY AND OPTICS

<u>Unit-I</u> :

Electromagnetic Potentials: Introduction to electrostatics and magnetostatics – Electrodyanamics: emf – electromagnetic induction – Maxwell's equations in differential and integral forms - Retarded potentials – Radiation from moving point charge and oscillating dipoles – Linear antenna – Radiation resistance – electric quadrupole radiation - Lienard – Wiechert potentials. General wave equation – Propagation of light in isotropic dielectric medium – Dispersion – Propagation of light in conducting medium - skin depth – Reflection and refraction at the boundary of a dielectric interface – Fresnel's equations – Propagation of light in crystals - Double refraction.

<u>Unit-II</u> :

Waveguides: - Introduction, rectangular wave guide, transverse magnetic (TM) modes, transverse electric (TE) modes, wave propagation in the guide, power transmission and attenuation in wave guide resonators, Transverse magnetic (TM) and Transverse electric (TE) waves in circular guides.

Unit-II:

Electromagnetic waves and Fibre Optics:Monochromatic plane waves in vacuum and nonconducting media,energy and momentum of electromagnetic waves,propagation through linear media,reflection and transmission at normal incidence, oblique incidence, the modified wave equation, monochromatic plane waves in conducting media, reflection and transmission at a conducting surface.

Fiber Optics: Fiber Optics Total internal reflection - Optical fiber modes and configuration – Single mode fibers – Graded index fiber structure – Fiber materials and fabrication – Mechanical properties of fibers – Fiber optic cables – Attenuation – Signal distortion on optical wave guides - Erbium doped fiber amplifiers – Solitons in optical fibers - Block diagram of fiber optic communication system - Applications of optical fibers in communication and medicine.

Unit- IV:

Non-Linear Optics: Basic Principles – Origin of optical nonlinearity - Harmonic generation – Second harmonic generation – Phase matching condition – Third harmonic generation – Optical mixing – Parametric generation of light – Parametric light oscillator – Frequency up conversion

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10Hrs

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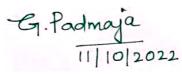
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- Self focusing of light - Guided wave optics - Pulse compression - Optical solutions.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Introduction to Electrodynamics *D.J.Griffiths*, PHI.
- 2. Electrodynamics **B.B.Laud**, New Age International.
- 3. Lasers and Non linear optics *B.B.Laud*, New Age International.
- 4. Optical Electronics Ajay Ghatak and Tyagarajan, Cambridge.
- 5. Electrodynamics Jordan, PHI.
- 6. Electrodynamics Jackson, TMH.
- 7. Introduction to Modern Optics, G. R. Fowels, 2012
- 8. Lasers and their Applications, M.J. Beesly, Taylor and Francis, 1976
- 9. Optics, E. Hecht, Addison Wiley, 1974
- 10. Optical Fiber Communications, G. Keiser, McGraw Hill Book, 2000



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4.2. MOLECULAR AND RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY

<u>Unit-I:</u>

Molecular symmetry: Symmetry operations, Molecular point groups, Matrix representations of symmetry operations of a point group, Reducible and irreducible representations, Character tables for C_{2v} and C_{3v} point groups. Symmetry species of point groups, Normal modes of vibration and their distribution into symmetry species of a molecule, Infrared and Raman selection rules.

Microwave and Infrared spectroscopy: Rotation of molecules, Rotational spectra of polyatomic molecules- Linear, symmetric top and asymmetric top molecules, Diatomic vibrating-rotator, Breakdown of the Born-Openheimer approximation, Vibrations of polyatomic molecules, Rotation-vibration spectra of polyatomic molecules, Instrumentation of Infrared and Fourier Transform Infrared (FTIR) spectrometer.

<u>Unit-II</u>:

Raman spectroscopy: Molecular polarizability, Quantum theory of Raman scattering, Purerotational Raman spectra, Vibrational Raman spectra, Rotational fine structure, Vibrations of Spherical top molecules, Structure determination from Raman and Infrared spectra, Instrumentation of Raman Spectrometer.

Electronic spectroscopy: Electronic spectra of diatomic molecules-Vibrational coarse structure, Franck-Condon principle, Dissociation Energy, Rotational fine structure of Electronic–vibration transitions.

Light Sources and Detectors: Synchrotron Radiation source, Dye Laser, Thermal Detectors, Photomultiplier Tube and Photodiode, Charge Coupled Detector (CCD), Identification of functional group.

<u>Unit-III</u>:

Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy: Magnetic properties of nuclei, Resonance condition, Classical theory and Bloch's equations, Relaxation processes-spin-lattice and spin-spin relaxations, chemical shift, NMR instrumentation, NMR Imaging.

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Electron spin resonance: Principles of ESR, Conditions for resonance, Spin Hamiltonian, Hyperfine structure, ESR spectra of Hydrogen atom, CH_3 radical and Benzene anion, Instrumentation of ESR spectrometer.

<u>Unit-IV:</u>

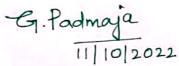
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Nuclear Qudrupole Resonance (NQR) Spectroscopy: Quadrupole nucleus, Principle of Nuclear quadrupole resonance (NQR), Half integral and Integral spins, Studies on chemical and hydrogen bonding and solid state applications, NQR spectrometer Instrumentation.

Mossbauer Spectroscopy: Recoilless emission and absorption of gamma rays. Isomer shift, Quadrupole interaction, Magnetic hyperfine interaction. Applications - Determination of electronic and molecular structure, Crystal symmetry and magnetic structure, Instrumentation of Mossbauer spectrometer.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Chemical applications of group theory F. A. Cotton
- 2. Fundamentals of molecular spectroscopy Colin N. Banwell and Elaine, TMH.
- 3. Molecular structure and spectroscopy *G* Aruldhas, PHI.
- 4. Introduction to Molecular spectroscopy Gordon M. Barrow, McGraw Hill.
- 5. Spectroscopy Vol 1 and 2 **B P Straughan and S Walker**, Chapman & Hall.
- 6. Principles of Magnetic resonance CP Slitcher, Harper & Row NY J W Hill.
- 7. Electron Spin Resonance Wertz and Bolton.
- 8. Introduction to Mossbauer Spectroscopy Ed by May L.
- 9. Nuclear Quadrupole resonance spectroscopy Das T P and Hahn E L.
- 10. Laser Spectroscopy- W. Demtroder.



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M.Sc. Physics IV-Semester Theory

4.3B ELECTRONICS – SPECIAL – III (Microcontrollers and Applications)

Unit-I:

Microcontrollers and Embedded Systems: block diagram of 8051. Architecture of 8051 – Pin assignments. Program counter and Data pointer -Flags and PSW - Internal RAM - Special function Registers – Register banks and stack – I/O ports and circuits – External Memory – Counters and Timers – Serial Data I/O, Interrupts.

Unit-II:

Programming of 8051: Introduction, Addressing modes, instruction set and Assembly Language Addressing modes – Instruction set-Moving data – External Data moves, push and pop opcodes, Data Exchanges, Logical: Byte and Bit level operations Rotate and Swap operations, Arithmetic: Flags, Increment, Decrement, Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division; JUMP and CALL Instructions: Jumps, Calls, subroutines, interrupts and returns. Programming examples.

Unit-III :

Interfacing of peripherals to Microcontrollers: Interfacing of PPI 8255, LCD & Key Board with 8051. Interfacing of stepper motor, ADC, DAC and sensors with 8051. Interfacing to external memory.

Unit-IV:

Other Microcontrollers: Atmel Microcontrollers, Architectural details and pin description of Atmel 89C51 and 89C2051 microcontrollers. Using flash memory devices Atmel 89CXX and 89C20XX. Applications of Atmel 89C51 and 89C2051 Microcontrollers: generation of sine, square and staircase ramp waves, PIC Microcontrollers: Overview and features, PIC16C6X/7X, FSR (file selection register), PIC Reset Actions, PIC oscillator connections, PIC memory organization.

Recommended Books:

- 1. The 8051 Microcontroller Kenneth Ayala, DELMAR CENGAGE learning.
- 2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded systems using Assembly and C M.A.Mazidi, J.G.Mazidi and R.D.McKinlay – PHI.
- 3. Microcontrollers Theory and Applications A.V.Deshmukh, TMH.
- 4. Programming and customizing the 8051 Microcontroller *Myke Predko*, TMH.

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4.4B: Electronics (Special – IV): Satellite and Mobile Communication

<u>Unit - I:</u>

Satellite Communication - I: History of Satellites, Kepler's laws, Principles of Satellite orbits and positioning, Satellite Height, Speed, Angle of inclination, Geo synchronous orbits, Position coordinates in latitude and longitude, Azimuth and elevation, Repeaters and Satellite Transponders, Frequency allocations for Transponder channels, Spectrum usage, Frequency Reuse, Satellite Subsystems – Attitude and Orbit Control Systems, Communication Subsystems, Channelization process - Multi channel Architecture, Power Subsystems; Telemetry, Command and Control Sub-systems.

<u>Unit-II</u>:

Satellite Communication - II: Ground station, Antenna Subsystems, Receive Subsystems -Receive ground control equipment, Transmitter Subsystems – Transmit ground control equipment, Power Subsystems, Telemetry and Control Subsystems, Satellite Applications -Communication satellites, Digital Satellite Radio, Surveillance satellites, Global Navigation Satellite Systems - Space segment, Control segment, GPS receivers - GPS Triangulation, GPS Applications.

<u>Unit-III</u>:

Introduction to Cellular Mobile Systems: Limitations of conventional mobile telephone system - Spectrum efficiency considerations, Technology feasibility and affordability; Trunking efficiency, Basic Cellular System, Performance criteria – Voice quality, Service quality, Special features, Operation of Cellular Systems, Planning a Cellular System – Regulations, Engineer's role and Finding solutions:

Unit-IV:

Elements of Cellular Mobile Radio System: General Description – Maximum number of Calls per Hour, Maximum number of frequency channels per cell, Frequency Reuse Channels – Frequency reuse schemes, Frequency reuse distance, Number of customers in the system, Co-channel interference reduction factor, Handoff Mechanism, Cell Splitting, Personal Communication System (PCS) – Standards, 1G, 2G, 3G and 4G.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Electronic Communication Systems *Wayne Tomasi*, 5th edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. Principles of Electronic Communication Systems *Louis E. Frenzel* (3rd Ed.) MGH

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- 3. Principles of Communication Systems H. Taub, D. L. Schilling, Goutam Saha (3rd edition), TMH
- 4. Satellite Communications Timothy Pratt, Charless Bostian, Jeremy Allnutt, 2nd edition, Wiley.
- Electronic Communications *Dennis Roddy and John Coolen*, Pearson Education.
 Mobile Cellular Communications *William C. Y. Lee*, 2nd edition, MGH.
 Mobile Communications *Jochen H. Schille*

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M.Sc. Physics IV-Semester Practicals

4.6. General Physics-II Laboratory

- 1. Determination of susceptibility of a given salt using Quinke's tube method.
- 2. To study the characteristics of a given solar cell.
- 3. To verify Beer's law using spectrophotometer.
- 4. To determine the γ -attenuation coefficients for lead, copper, and aluminum using G M counter.
- 5. Analysis of hysteresis loop for a given ferromagnetic material and to determine its saturation magnetization, retentivity and co-ercivity.
- 6. Determination of numerical aperture of an optical fiber.
- 7. To study the characteristics of a given Laser Diode.
- 8. Analysis of an audio amplifier using optical fiber.
- 9. Resistivity measurement of thin slice conducting /non-conducting measurements using bottom surface method.

4.7A. Solid State Physics special-II Laboratory

- 1. Determination of the ferroelectric Curie temperature of BaTiO₃ Polycrystalline pellet.
- 2. Determination of the dispersion curves of monatomic and diatomic lattice analogs using Lattice Dynamic kit.
- 3. Estimation of colour centre density of X- ray irradiated alkali halide crystal using spectrophotometer.
- 4. Determination of photoelastic constants using Babinet compensator.
- 5. Determination of energy band gap of a semi-conductor thin film using spectrophotometer..
- 6. Determination of refractive index of a single crystal –Brewster angle method using He-Ne Laser.

4.7B. Electronics Special-II Laboratory (Part-I: Microcontroller Experiments using 8051)

- 1. Program for multiplication of two Hexa decimal numbers.
- 2. 2. Program for division of two Hexa decimal numbers.
- 3. Programs to pick the smallest and largest numbers in a given set of numbers.
- 4. Programs for arranging given 'n' numbers in ascending and descending order.
- 5. Program for generation of specific time delay.
- 6. Program to interface a D A C and generate saw tooth, square and rectangular waveforms.
- 7. Program to flash an LED connected at a specified output terminal.

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- 8. Program to interface a stepper motor, rotate it in clockwise and anticlockwise through given angle steps.
- 9. Programming using Keil software.
 - a) To pick the smallest among a given set of numbers.
 - b) To pick the largest among a given set of numbers.
 - c) To arrange a given set of numbers in an ascending order and descending order.
 - d) To generate a rectangular waveform at a specified port terminal.

Part-II: Digital Communications:

- 1. Study of sampling techniques.
 - a) Natural sampling.
 - b) Sample and Hold.
 - c) Flat top sampling.
- 2. Study of various sampling frequencies and Duty cycles.
- 3. Study of order of the low pass filter.
- 4. Study of TDM with different receiver and synchronization techniques.
- 5. Study of Pulse Code Modulation and Demodulation.
- 6. Study of various carrier modulation and demodulation techniques.
- 7. Study of Delta Modulation and demodulation.
- 8. (i) Study of continuously variable slope detector and modulation and demodulation (ii). Study of companding system .
- 9. (i) Study of pulse width modulation and demodulation.(ii) Study of pulse position modulation and demodulation.
- 10. Voice communication/Optical Fiber Communication.

4.7C. Nanoscience -II Practicals

- 1. To study the dielectric behavior of PZT ceramic by determining dielectric constant.
- 2. To prepare nanoparticles using Ball Milling.
- 3. DSC/DTA/TGA studies for the thermal analysis of materials
- 4. To draw the B-H loop of a ferromagnet.
- 5. Synthesis of CdS nanoparticles.
- 6. Synthesis of ZnO particles.
- 7. Synthesis of transition metal oxide nanoparticles by Solid-State Thermolysis.
- 8. Optical absorption of Silver nanoparticles by using UV-Vis Spectroscopy.
- 9. Synthesis of Carbon Nanotubes.

G.Padmaja 11/10/2022

Chairperson, BoS in Physics, KU, Wgl