

Faculty of Computer Applications
SATAVAHANA UNIVERSITY, KARIM NAGAR
B.Com Comp Applications (CBCS-R-19) Semester-II
Programming with C & C++
Practical Solutions w.e.f 2019-2020

Max Marks: 20]

[3 Hours /Week

1. Write a program- to find the greatest of three numbers using ternary operator

Source Code:

```
# include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
int a, b, c, big ;
printf("Enter three numbers : ") ;
scanf("%d %d %d", &a, &b, &c) ;
big = a > b ? (a > c ? a : c) : (b > c ? b : c) ;
printf("\nThe biggest number is : %d", big) ;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter three numbers:10 25 12
The biggest number is: 25
```

2. Write a program to check whether given number is palindrome or not

Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{ int n, rev = 0, rem, t;
printf("Enter an integer: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
t = n;
while (n != 0)
{ rem = n % 10;
rev = rev * 10 + rem;
n = n / 10; }
if (t == rev)
printf("%d is a palindrome.", t);
else
printf("%d is not a palindrome.", t);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter an integer: 12321
12321 is a palindrome.
```

3. Write a program to print the prime numbers from 2 to n where n is given by user

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
    int i,j,n;
    printf("Enter the number till which you want prime numbers\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Prime numbers are:-\n");
    for(i=2;i<=n;i++)
    {
        int c=0;
        for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
        {
            if(i%j==0)
            {
                c++;
            }
        }
        if(c==2)
        {
            printf("%d ",i);
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the number till which you want prime numbers25
Prime numbers are:-
2 3 5 7 11 13 17 21 23
```

4. Create menu driven application using switch to find addition, subtraction, multiplication and division of two numbers

Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char operator;
    double first, second;
    printf("Enter an operator (+, -, *, /): ");
    scanf("%c", &operator);
    printf("Enter two operands: ");
    scanf("%lf %lf", &first, &second);
    switch (operator)
    {
```

```
case '+':
    printf("%.1lf + %.1lf = %.1lf", first, second, first + second);
    break;
case '-':
    printf("%.1lf - %.1lf = %.1lf", first, second, first - second);
    break;
case '*':
    printf("%.1lf * %.1lf = %.1lf", first, second, first * second);
    break;
case '/':
    printf("%.1lf / %.1lf = %.1lf", first, second, first / second);
    break;
default:
    printf("Error! operator is not correct");
}
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter an operator (+, -, *): *
Enter two operands: 1.5, 4.5
1.5 * 4.5 = 8.1
```

5. Write a program to sort the elements of an Array using bubble sort technique

Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
void swap(int *xp, int *yp)
{
    int temp = *xp;
    *xp = *yp;
    *yp = temp;
}
void bubbleSort(int arr[], int n)
{
    int i, j;
    for (i = 0; i < n-1; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++)
            if (arr[j] > arr[j+1])
                swap(&arr[j], &arr[j+1]);
}
void printArray(int arr[], int size)
{
    int i;
    for (i=0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    printf("\n");
}
int main()
```

```

{
    int arr[] = {64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90};
    int n = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
    bubbleSort(arr, n);
    printf("Sorted array: \n");
    printArray(arr, n);
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

Sorted array:
11 12 22 25 34 64 90

```

6. Write a program to search an element in an array using binary search method

Source Code:

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int c, first, last, middle, n, search, array[100];
    printf("Enter number of elements\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter %d integers\n", n);
    for (c = 0; c < n; c++)
        scanf("%d", &array[c]);
    printf("Enter search element\n");
    scanf("%d", &search);
    first = 0;
    last = n - 1;
    middle = (first+last)/2;
    while (first <= last) {
        if (array[middle] < search)
            first = middle + 1;
        else if (array[middle] == search) {
            printf("%d found at location %d.\n", search, middle+1);
            break;
        }
        else
            last = middle - 1;
        middle = (first + last)/2;
    }
    if (first > last)
        printf("Not found! %d isn't present in the list.\n", search);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Enter number of elements
7
Enter 7 integers

```

```
-4
5
8
9
11
43
485
Enter search element 11
11 found at location 5
```

7. Write a program to find the product of two matrices

Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int m, n, p, q, c, d, k, sum = 0;
    int first[10][10], second[10][10], multiply[10][10];
    printf("Enter number of rows and columns of first matrix\n");
    scanf("%d%d", &m, &n);
    printf("Enter elements of first matrix\n");
    for (c = 0; c < m; c++)
        for (d = 0; d < n; d++)
            scanf("%d", &first[c][d]);
    printf("Enter number of rows and columns of second matrix\n");
    scanf("%d%d", &p, &q);
    if (n != p)
        printf("The multiplication isn't possible.\n");
    else
    {
        printf("Enter elements of second matrix\n");
        for (c = 0; c < p; c++)
            for (d = 0; d < q; d++)
                scanf("%d", &second[c][d]);
        for (c = 0; c < m; c++) {
            for (d = 0; d < q; d++) {
                for (k = 0; k < p; k++) {
                    sum = sum + first[c][k]*second[k][d];
                }
                multiply[c][d] = sum;
                sum = 0;
            }
        }
        printf("Product of the matrices:\n");
        for (c = 0; c < m; c++) {
            for (d = 0; d < q; d++)
                printf("%d\t", multiply[c][d]);
            printf("\n");
        }
    }
}
```

```
}  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter number of rows and columns of first matrix

3

3

Enter elements of first matrix

1 2 0

0 1 1

2 0 1

Enter number of rows and columns of second matrix

3

3

Enter elements of second matrix

1 1 2

2 1 1

1 2 1

Product of the matrices

5 3 4

3 3 2

3 4 5

8. Write a program to print Fibonacci numbers using function (0 1 1 2 3 5 8...)

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>  
int fib(int);  
int main()  
{  
int n, i = 0, c;  
printf("Enter number of Terms");  
scanf("%d", &n);  
printf("Fibonacci series terms are:\n");  
for (c = 1; c <= n; c++)  
{  
printf("%d\t", fib(i));  
i++;  
}  
return 0;  
}  
int fib(int n)  
{  
if (n == 0 || n == 1)  
return n;  
else
```

```
    return (fib(n-1) + fib(n-2));  
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter number of Terms10  
Fibonacci series terms are:  
0    1    1    2    3    5    8    13    21    34
```

9. Write a program to find the factorial of a given number using recursion

Source Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>  
long int multiplyNumbers(int n);  
int main() {  
    int n;  
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");  
    scanf("%d",&n);  
    printf("Factorial of %d = %ld", n, multiplyNumbers(n));  
    return 0;  
}  
long int multiplyNumbers(int n)  
{  
    if (n>=1)  
        return n*multiplyNumbers(n-1);  
    else  
        return 1;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a positive integer: 6  
Factorial of 6 = 720
```

10. Write a program to demonstrate call by value & call by reference

Source Code: Call By Value

```
#include <stdio.h>  
void swapnum( int var1, int var2 )  
{  
    int tempnum ;  
    tempnum = var1 ;  
    var1 = var2 ;  
    var2 = tempnum ;  
}  
int main( )  
{  
    int num1 = 35, num2 = 45 ;  
    printf("Before swapping: %d, %d", num1, num2);  
    swapnum(num1, num2);  
    printf("\nAfter swapping: %d, %d", num1, num2);  
}
```

OUTPUT:

Before swapping: 35, 45

After swapping: 35, 45

Source Code: Call By Reference

```
#include<stdio.h>
void swapnum ( int *var1, int *var2 )
{
    int tempnum ;
    tempnum = *var1 ;
    *var1 = *var2 ;
    *var2 = tempnum ;
}
int main( )
{
    int num1 = 35, num2 = 45 ;
    printf("Before swapping:");
    printf("\nnum1 value is %d", num1);
    printf("\nnum2 value is %d", num2);
    swapnum( &num1, &num2 );
    printf("\nAfter swapping:");
    printf("\nnum1 value is %d", num1);
    printf("\nnum2 value is %d", num2);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Before swapping:

num1 value is 35

num2 value is 45

After swapping:

num1 value is 45

num2 value is 35

11. Write a program to concatenate two strings using string functions

Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    char a[100], b[100];
    printf("Enter the first string\n");
    gets(a);
    printf("Enter the second string\n");
    gets(b);
    strcat(a,b);
    printf("String obtained on concatenation is %s\n",a);
    return 0;
}
```


OUTPUT:

Enter the first string
sucomputers
Enter the second string
forum
String obtained on concatenation is sucomputersforum

12. Write a program to create a student structure containing fields for roll no., name, class, total marks

Source Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
struct student
{
    char firstName[50];
    int roll;
    char class[10];
    int marks;
} s[10];
int main()
{
    int i;
    printf("Enter information of students:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {
        s[i].roll = i + 1;
        printf("\nFor roll number%d,\n", s[i].roll);
        printf("Enter first name: ");
        scanf("%s", s[i].firstName);
        printf("Enter Class");
        scanf("%s",&s[i].class);
        printf("Enter marks: ");
        scanf("%d", &s[i].marks);
    }
    printf("Displaying Information:\n\n");
    for (i = 0; i < 3; ++i) {
        printf("\nRoll number: %d\t", i + 1);
        printf("First name: ");
        printf("%s\t",s[i].firstName);
        printf("Class is :");
        printf("%s\t",s[i].class);
        printf("Marks: %.1d", s[i].marks);
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter information of students:

For roll number1,
Enter first name: waseem
Enter Class12
Enter marks: 56

For roll number2,
Enter first name: Raa za
Enter Class98 14
Enter marks: 98

For roll number3,
Enter first name: Ra Raju
Enter Class15
Enter marks: 88

Displaying Information:

Roll number: 1	First name: waseem	Class is :12	Marks: 56
Roll number: 2	First name: Raza	Class is :14	Marks: 98
Roll number: 3	First name: Raju	Class is :15	Marks: 88

13. Write a program to create array of structure containing fields for empid, name, and salary

Source Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct employee {
    string ename;
    int eid, phn_no;
    int salary;
};
void display(struct employee emp[], int n)
{
    cout << "Name\tEid\tPhone Number\tSalary\n";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        cout << emp[i].ename << "\t" << emp[i].eid << "\t"
            << emp[i].phn_no << "\t" << emp[i].salary << "\n";
    }
}
int main()
{
    int n = 3;
    struct employee emp[n];
    emp[0].ename = "Kalyan";
    emp[0].eid = 24;
    emp[0].phn_no = 1234567788;
    emp[0].salary = 20000;
    emp[1].ename = "Krishna";
    emp[1].eid = 31;
    emp[1].phn_no = 1234567891;
```

```
emp[1].salary = 56000;
emp[2].ename = "Rajkumar";
emp[2].eid = 45;
emp[2].phn_no = 1100661111;
emp[2].salary = 30500;
display(emp, n);
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT :

Name	Eid	Phone Number	Salary
Kalyan	24	1234567788	20000
Krishna	31	1234567891	56000
Rajkumar	45	8881101111	30500

14. Write a program to read student name, rollno, marks and display the same using classes and objects

Source Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class student
{
private:
    char name[30];
    int rollNo;
    int total;
    float perc;
public:
    void getDetails(void);
    void putDetails(void);
};
void student::getDetails(void)
{
    cout << "Enter name: ";
    cin >> name;
    cout << "Enter roll number: ";
    cin >> rollNo;
    cout << "Enter total marks outof 500: ";
    cin >> total;
    perc=(float)total/500*100;
}
void student::putDetails(void)
{
    cout << "Student details:\n";
    cout << "Name:"<< name << "\t Roll Number:" << rollNo << "\tTotal:" << total <<
        "\tPercentage:" << perc;
}
```

```

int main()
{
    student std;
    std.getDetails();
    std.putDetails();
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

Enter name: Waseem

Enter roll number: 25

Enter total marks outof 500: 460

Student details:

Name:Waseem Roll Number:25 Total:460 Percentage:92

15. Write a program to read employee name, empid, salary and display the same using classes and objects

```

#include "iostream"
using namespace std;
class Employee
{
    int Id;
    char Name[25];
    int Age;
    long Salary;
public:
    void GetData ()
    {
        std::cout<< "\n\tEnter Employee Id : ";
        std::cin >> Id;
        std::cout << "\n\tEnter Employee Name : ";
        std::cin >> Name;
        std::cout << "\n\tEnter Employee Age : ";
        std::cin >> Age;
        std::cout << "\n\tEnter Employee Salary : ";
        std::cin >> Salary;
    }
    void PutData ()
    {
        std::cout << "\n\nEmployee Id : " << Id;
        std::cout << "\nEmployee Name : " << Name;
        std::cout << "\nEmployee Age : " << Age;
        std::cout << "\nEmployee Salary : " << Salary;
    }
};
int main ()
{

```

Employee E;

```
E.GetData ();  
E.PutData ();  
return 0;
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter Employee Id : 101  
Enter Employee Name : waseem  
Enter Employee Age : 33  
Enter Employee Salary : 25000
```

```
Employee Id : 101  
Employee Name : waseem  
Employee Age : 33  
Employee Salary : 25000
```

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