Dr. BRR GOVT DEGREE COLLEGE JADCHERLA Department of English



A PROJECT REPORT ON

"LANGUAGE IN NEWS PAPER"

Submitted By

		_
21-03-3006-468-1023	JAVAJI NANDINI	
21-03-3006-468-1025	K JAGADEESH	
		SUPERVISOR:
21-03-3006-468-1027	K SANTHOSH	
		P.SWAPNA RANI
21-03-3006-468-1028	K SHIVAKUMAR	
		DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH
21-03-3006-468-1029	KUCHORI LAVANYA	
		DR BRR GOVT DEGREE COLLEGE
21-03-3006-468-1030	M BHARGAVI	

Time Pead of The Department
The Department of English
Dr. Breestment of English
Dr. Breestment of English
Dist: Mahabubnagar-509301 (T.S.)



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PRINCIPAL
Dr.B.R.R. Government Degree Collage
Jadoherla

DECLARATION

We are hereby declare that the study project: "Language In News Paper" is a record of work done by us under the supervision of P.SWAPNA RANI, faculty of English, Government Degree College, Jadcherla, Mahabubnagar District and that the project has not been previously done by any others in this college and any other college/University.

21-03-3006-468-1023	JAVAJI NANDINI
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21-03-3006-468-1030	M BHARGAVI

Date : 27/06/2022

Place: Jadcherla

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Study project on: "Language In News Paper" is a bonafide Project work done by MPCS I students listed below,

21-03-3006-468-1023	JAVAJI NANDINI
21-03-3006-468-1025	K JAGADEESH
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21-03-3006-468-1030	M BHARGAVI

under my supervision in Government Degree College, Jadcherla, Telangana.

Date : 27/06/2022 P.SWAPNA RANI

Place : Jadcherla Supervisor

THOPead of The Department
The Department of English
Dr. BREESTMENT OF Fig. 1 adcheria,
Dist; Mahabubnagar-509301 (T.S.)

IQAC-Coordinator
Dr. B. R. Goyt, College
Jadcherla-509 301
Mahabubnagar, Dist. T.S.

PRINCIPAL
PRINCIPAL
Dr.B.R.R. Government Degree College
Jadcherla

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LANGUAGES IN NEWS PAPER

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GAZETTES AND BULLETINS:

I'm writing this form the Greek island of Rhode. One of the biggest pleasures I have on holiday is reading,

I brought a number of books with me but I also love the fact that I have time read news papers. I have always encouraged students to read newspaper articles as it is something that most people can find time to do in their busy lives, it also helps to consolidate your English Newspapers are a great source of vocabulary, particularly phrasal verbs in the tabloid press, I am going to pass on some tips about newspaper language to help make them more accessible.

I thought I would start by explaining some of the terminology and features of newspaper language .In the UK we have tabloid and broadsheet newspapers.

HEADLINE LANGUAGE

Headline often use very short words to make an impact. These are sometimes violent words .

E.g.; Thugs battle. A thug is a violent person and a battle is a fight (it is a noun and verb). This headlines could also read some thugs have been fighting; however this does not have the same impact as the short headlines above.

WORD PLAY

A key part of newspaper language is word play word with two different meanings in English can be used in an amusing and entertaining way. This is called pun. E.g. short staffed. That's fine by, Mr. .Starkey .This headlines plays with the word short. Short –staffed means that there are not enough staff to do the job. However article refers to the fact that during a visit to a factory all the staff he was introduced to were short because he is only 1.7.

Another example would be, police found drunk in street. This headline plays with the word drunk one meaning is that the police found a drunk man in the street.

AMBIGUITY

Headlines are often ambiguous making the reader look at the article of we take the above headline the word `Mad 'is ambiguous because it could mean insane or it could mean very angry. Also the word drunk is ambiguous in the word play example above.

VERB CHANGES

Verbs are often changed in headlines .The simple tense is used instead of the continues or perfect tense and the infinite is used for the future for example, Brown resigns this is used instead of Brown has resigned.

Another example would be PM to visit USA. This is used instead of the prime minister going to visit the USA.

Newspapers can cover a wide variety of fields such as polities, Business, sports and art, and often include materials such as opinion columns, weather forecasts, and reviews of local services, obituaries, birth notices, and crosswords, editorial cartoons, comic strips, and advice columns.

Most newspaper are business, and they pay their expenses with a mixture of subscription revenue, newsstand sales, and advertising revenue. The journalisms Organizations' that publish newspapers are they often metonymically called newspapers.

Newspapers have traditionally been published in print casually on cheap, low, grade paper called newsprint.)However, today most newspapers are also published on websites as online newspapers.

Newspapers developed in the 17th century, as information sheets for merchants. By the early 19th century, many cities in Europe, as well as north and South America, published newspapers.

Some newspapers with high editorial Independence high journalism quality and large circulation are viewed as newspaper of record.

With the advent of the internet many newspapers are now digital, with their news presented online rather than in a physical format, with there now being a decline in sales for paper copies of newspapers.

GAZETTES AND BULLETINS:

In Ancient Rome, Act Durian, or government Announcement bulletins, were produced. They were carved in metal or stone and posted in public places. In china early government, produced news – sheets called dibao, circulated among court officials during the late Han dynasty (second and third centuries AD). Between 713and734, the kaiayn za Boa ("Bulletins of the court") of the Chinese tang Dynasty published government news, it was handwritten on silk and read by government officials. In 1582, there was the first reference.

To privately published newssheets in Beijing, during the late Ming dynasty. Newspaper is a large paper containing current news, article, adverstilments, etc that is published every day, Weekly. The purpose of newspaper is to give people information about the current important happenings in the form of news reports. On others pages, newspapers may include entertainments articles or articles in some current topic trending in the country or specific area.

Written text is the main part of a book or magazine written text can be the plot of a book, minutes of meeting, notice, and memorandum circulated among colleagues, and fellow workers, written text may be the script of a speech or dialogues it can be this is of a researcher etc;.

In conclusion it can be said that newspapers main aim is to give information whereas written text can be about anything .The reports, articles, etc, a newspaper contains also have written text is the core of any form of written or spoken communications. The modern newspaper is a European invention. The oldest direct handwritten news sheets circulated widely in as early as 1566. These weekly news sheets were full of information on wars and polities in Harry and Europe. The first printed newspapers were published weekly in Germany from 1609. Typically; they were havily censored by the government and reported any foreign news and currents prices. After the English government relaxed censorship in 1695, newspapers flourished in London and a few other cities including Boston and Philadelphia. By the 1830s, high speed presses could print thousands of papers cheaply, allowing low daily costs.