GOVERNMENT DEGREE COLLEGE, LUXETTIPET DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY Chemistry **SYLLABUS** Principal Govt. Degree Colleg: Luxettipet-504 215

B.Sc I yr CHEMISTRY SEMESTER WISE SYLLABUS SEMESTER I

Paper – I Chemistry - I

Unit-I (Inorganic Chemistry)

15h (1 hr/week)

S1-I-1.s-block elements:

General Characteristics of groups I and II elements, Diagonal relationship between Li and Mg, Be and Al

2 h

S1-I-2. p-block elements 1:

7 h

Group–13:Synthesis and structure of diborane and higher Boranes (B_4H_{10} and B_5H_9), Boron nitrogen compounds ($B_3N_3H_6$ and BN), Lewis acid nature of BX_3

Group – 14: Carbides-Classification – ionic, covalent, interstitial – synthesis.Structures and reactivity.Industrial application. Silicones – Preapartion – a) direct silicon process b) use of Grignard reagent c) aromatic silylation. Classification – straight chain, cyclic and cross-linked.

Group – 15: Nitrides – Classification – ionic, covalent and interstitial. Reactivity – hydrolysis.Preparation and reactions of hydrazine, hydroxyl amine, phosphazenes.

S1-I-3. General Principles of Inorganic qualitative analysis

6 h

Anion analysis: Theory of sodium carbonate extract, classification and reactions of anions-CO₃²⁻, Cl⁻, Br⁻, SO₄²⁻, PO₄³⁻, BO₃³⁻·CH₃COO⁻, NO₃⁻.

Cation Analysis: Principles involved - Solubility product, common ion effect, general discussion for the separation and identification of group I individual cations (Hg₂²⁺, Ag+, Pb+) with flow chart and chemical equations. Principle involved in separation of group II & IV cations.

General discussion for the separation and identification of group II (Hg²⁺, Pb²⁺, Bi³⁺, Cd²⁺, Sb²⁺), III (Al³⁺, Fe³⁺), IV ((Mn²⁺, Zn²⁺) individual cations with flow chart and chemical equations. Application of concept of hydrolysis in group V cation analysis. General discussion for the separation and identification of group V individual cations (Ba²⁺, Sr²⁺, Ca²⁺) with flow chart and chemical equations. Theory of flame test. Identification of Group VI cations (Mg²⁺, NH₄⁺).

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S1-O-1: Structural Theory in Organic Chemistry

6 h

Bond polarization: Factors influencing the polarization of covalent bonds, electro negativity – inductive effect. Application of inductive effect (a) Basicity of amines (b) Acidity of carboxylic acids (c) Stability of carbonium ions. Resonance -Mesomeric effect, application to (a) acidity of phenol. (b) acidity of carboxylic acids and basicity of anilines. Stability of carbo cations, carbanions and free radicals. Hyper conjugation and its application to stability of carbonium ions, Free radicals and alkenes.

Types of organic reactions: Addition reactions- electrophilic, nucleophilic and free radical. Substitution reactions — electrophilic, nucleophilic and free radical. Elimination and Rearrangement reactions— Examples.

S1-O-2: Acyclic Hydrocarbons

6 h

Alkanes— Methods of preparation: Corey-House reaction, Wurtz reaction, from Grignard reagent, Kolbe synthesis. Chemical reactivity - inert nature, free radical substitution, Halogenation example- reactivity, selectivity and orientation.

Alkenes - Preparation of alkenes (with mechanism) (a) by dehydration of alcohols (b) dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides (c) by dehalogenation of 1,2dihalides, Zaitsev's rule. Properties: Addition of Hydrogen – heat of hydrogenation and stability of alkenes. trans-addition of halogen and its mechanism. Addition of HX, Markonikov's rule, addition of H2O, HOX, H2SO4 with mechanism and addition of HBr in the presence of peroxide (anti – Markonikov's addition). Oxidation (cis – additions) – hydroxylation by KMnO4, OsO4, trans addition- peracids (via epoxidation), hydroboration, ozonolysis – location of double bond. Dienes – Types of dienes, reactions of conjugated dienes – 1,2 and 1,4 addition of HBr to 1,3 – butadiene and Diels – Alder reaction.

Alkynes— Preparation by dehydrohalogenation of vicinal dihalides, dehalogenation of tetrahalides. Physical Properties: Acidity of terminal alkynes (formation of metal acetylides) preparation of higher alkynes, Chemical reactivity – electrophilic addition of X_2 , X_2 , X_3 , X_4 (tautomerism), Oxidation (formation of enediol, 1,2diones and carboxylic acids) and reduction (Metal-ammonia reduction, catalytic hydrogenation)

S1-O-3: Alicyclic Hydrocarbons

3 h

Nomenclature, preapartion by Freunds method, Dickmann, heating dicarboxylic metal salts. Properties – reactivity of cyclo propane and cyclo butane by comparing with alkanes. Stability of cycloalkanes – Baeyer strain theory, Sachse and Mohr predictions and Pitzer strain theory. Conformational structures of cyclopentane, cyclohexane.

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Unit-III (Physical Chemistry)

15 h (1 hr/week)

S1-P-1: Atomic structure and elementary quantum mechanics

6 h

Black body radiation, heat capacities of solids, Rayleigh Jeans law, Planck's radiation law, photoelectric effect, Limitations of classical mechanics, Compton effect, De Broglie's hypothesis. Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Schrodinger's wave equation and its importance. Physical interpretation of the wave function, significance of ψ and ψ^2 , a particle in a box, energy levels, wave functions and probability densities. Schrodinger wave equation for H-atom. Separation of variables, radial and angular functions (only equation), hydrogen like wave functions, quantum numbers and their importance.

S1-P-2:Gaseous State

5 h

Deviation of real gases from ideal behavior.van der Waals equation of state. Critical phenomenon.PV isotherms of real gases, continuity of state.Andrew's isotherms of CO₂. The van der Waal's equation and critical state.Derivation of relationship between critical constants and van der Waal's constants. The law of corresponding states, reduced equation of states. Joule Thomson effect and inversion temperature of a gas. Liquifaction of gases: i) Linde's method based on Joule Thomson effect ii) Claude's method based on adiabatic expansion of a gas.

S1-P-3: Liquid State

4 h

Intermolecular forces, structure of liquids (qualitative description). Structural differences between solids, liquids and gases. Surface tension and its determination using stalagmometer. Viscosity of a liquid and determination of coefficient of viscosity using Ostwald viscometer. Effect of temperature on surface tension and coefficient of viscosity of a liquid (qualitative treatment only). Liquid crystals, the mesomorphic state: Classification of liquid crystals in to Smectic and Nematic, differences between liquid crystal and solid / liquid. Application of liquid crystals as LCD devices.

Unit – IV (GeneralChemistry)

15 h (1 hr/week)

S1-G-1 Chemical Bonding

11 h

Ionic solids- lattice and solvation energy, solubility of ionic solids, Fajan's rule, polarity and polarizability of ions, covalent nature of ionic bond, covalent bond - Common hybridization and shapes of molecules.

Molecular orbital theory: Shapes and sign convention of atomic orbitals. Modes of overlapping.Concept of σ and π bonds.Criteria for orbital overlap.LCAO concept.Types of molecular orbitals- bonding, antibonding and non bonding. MOED of homonucleardiatomics - H₂, N₂, O₂,O₂⁻,O₂²-,F₂ (unhybridized diagrams only) and heteronuclear diatomics CO, CN⁻ NO, NO⁺ and HF. Bond order, stability and magnetic properties.

S1-G-2 Evaluation of analytical data

4 h

Significant figures, accuracy and precision. Errors-classification of errors- determinate and indeterminate errors, absolute and relative errors, propagation of errors in mathematical operations – addition, substraction, division and multiplication (with respect to determinate errors).

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References:

Unit- I

- 1. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Kalia Vishal Publications 1996.
- 2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee 3rdedn.
- 3. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by F.A.Cotton, G.Wilkinson and Paul.L.Gaus 3rdedn Wiley Publishers 2001.Chem.
- 4. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis by Svehla
- 5. Inorganic Chemistry Principles of structure and reactivity by James E.Huhey, E.A. Keiterand R.L. Keiter 4thedn.
- 6. Chemistry of the elements by N.N.Greenwood and A. Earnshaw Pergamon Press 1989.
- 7. Inorganic Chemistry by Shriver and Atkins 3rdedn Oxford Press 1999.
- 8. Qualitative analysis by Welcher and Hahn.
- 9. Textbook of Inorganic Chemistry by R Gopalan
- 10. College Practical chemistry by V K Ahluwalia, SunithaDhingra and Adarsh Gulati

Unit- II

- 1. Text book of organic chemistry by Morrison and Boyd.
- 2. Text book of organic chemistry by Graham Solomons.
- 3. Text book of organic chemistry by BruiceYuranisPowla.
- 4. Text book of organic chemistry by Soni.
- **5.** General Organic chemistry by Sachin Kumar Ghosh.
- **6.** Text book of organic chemistry by C N pillai

Unit III

- 1. Principles of physical chemistry by Prutton and Marron.
- 2. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Soni and Dharmahara...
- 3. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Puri and Sharma.
- 4. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by K. L. Kapoor.
- 5. Physical Chemistry through problems by S.K. Dogra.
- 6. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by R.P. Verma.
- 7. Elements of Physical Chemistry by Lewis Glasstone.

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 - 2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee 3rdedn.
 - 3. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by F.A.Cotton, G.Wilkinson and Paul.L.Gaus 3rdedn Wiley Publishers 2001.Chem
 - 4. Analytical chemistry by G. L. David Krupadanam, D. Vijaya Prasad, K. Varaprasada Rao, K.L.N. Reddy and C. Sudhakar

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Laboratory Course

45h (3 h / week)

Paper IQualitative Analysis - I

I. Preparations:

- 1. Tetrammine copper (II) sulphate,
- 2.Potash alum KAl(SO₄)₂. 12H₂O,
- 3. Bis (dimethylglyoximato) nickel(II)
- II. Analysis of two anions (one simple and one interfering)

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B.Sc I yr CHEMISTRY SEMESTER WISE SYLLABUS SEMESTER II Paper II Chemistry - II

Unit-I (**Inorganic Chemistry**)

15 h (1 hr/week)

S2-I-1 p-block Elements -II

7 h

Oxides: Types of oxides (a) Normal- acidic, basic amphoteric and neutral (b) Mixed(c) sub oxide d) peroxide e) superoxide. Structure of oxides of C, N, P, S and Cl - reactivity, thermal stability, hydrolysis.

Oxy acids: Structure and acidic nature of oxyacids of B, C, N, P, S and Cl.Redox properties of oxyacids of Nitrogen: HNO₂ (reaction with FeSO₄, KMnO₄, K₂Cr₂O₇), HNO₃ (reaction with H₂S, Cu), HNO₄ (reaction with KBr, Aniline), H₂N₂O₂ (reaction with KMnO₄). Redox properties of oxyacids of Potasium: H₃PO₂ (reaction with HgCl₂), H₃PO₃ (reaction with AgNO₃, CuSO₄). Redox properties of oxyacids of Sulphur: H₂SO₃ (reaction with KMnO₄, K₂Cr₂O₇), H₂SO₄ (reaction with Zn, Fe, Cu), H₂S₂O₃ (reaction with Cu, Au), H₂SO₅ (reaction with KI, FeSO₄), H₂S₂O₈ (reaction with FeSO₄, KI)

Interhalogens- classification- general preparation- structures of AB,AB₃, AB₅ and AB₇ type and reactivity. Poly halides- definition and structure of ICl₂, ICl₄ and I₃. Comparison of Pseudohalogens with halogens.

S2-I-2 Chemistry of Zero group elements

2 h

General preparation, structure, bonding and reactivity of Xenon compounds – Oxides, Halides and Oxy-halides.Clatherate compounds and Anomalous behavior of He (II)

S2-I-3Chemistry of d-block elements

6 h

Characteristics of d-block elements with special reference to electronic configuration variable valence, ability to form complexes, magnetic properties &catalytic properties. Stability of various oxidation states and SRP Comparative treatment of second and third transition series with their 3d analogues. Study of Ti, Cr and Cu traids. Titanium triad – electronic configuration and reactivity of +3 and +4 states – oxides and halides. Chromium triad – reactivity of +3 and +6 states. Copper triad – reactivity of +1, +2 and +3 states.

Unit - II(Organic chemistry)

15 h (1 hr/week)

S2-O-1:Aromatic Hydrocarbons

7h

Concept of aromaticity –definition, Huckel's rule – application to Benzenoids and Non – Benzenoids (cyclopropenyl cation, cyclopentadienyl anion and tropylium cation).

Preapartions: From acetylene, phenols, benzene carboxylic acids and sulphonic acids

Reactions - General mechanism of electrophilic substitution, mechanism of nitration, sulphonation, and halogenation, Friedel Craft's alkylation (polyalkylation) and acylation. Orientation of aromatic substitution - Definition of ortho, para, and meta directing groups. Ring activating and deactivating groups with examples. Orientation – (i) activating groups: Amino, methoxy and alkyl groups. (ii) Deactivating groups - carboxy, nitro, nitrile, carbonyl and sulphonic acid& halo groups.

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S2-O-2: Arenes and Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons

3 h

Preparation of alkyl benzenes by Friedel Craft's alkylation, Friedel Craft's acylation followed by reduction, Wurtz-Fittig reaction. Chemical reactivity: Ring substitution reactions, side chain substitution reactions and oxidation.

Polynuclear hydrocarbons – Structure of naphthalene and anthracene (Molecular Orbital diagram and resonance energy) Reactivity towards electrophilic substitution. Nitration and sulphonation as examples.

S2-O-3: Halogen compounds

5 hrs

Nomenclature and classification: alkyl (primary, secondary, tertiary), aryl, aralkyl, allyl, vinyl, benzyl. Chemical reactivity - reduction, formation of RMgX, Nucleophilic substitution reactions – classification into $S_N^{\ 1}$ and $S_N^{\ 2}$. Mechanism and energy profile diagrams of $S_N^{\ 1}$ and $S_N^{\ 2}$ reactions. Stereochemistry of $S_N^{\ 2}$ (Walden Inversion) 2-bromobutane, $S_N^{\ 1}$ (Racemisation) 1-bromo-1-phenylpropane explanation of both by taking the example of optically active alkyl halide.Structure and reactivity – Ease hydrolysis - comparison of alkyl, vinyl, allyl, aryl, and benzyl halides.

Unit – III (Physical Chemistry)

15 h (1 hr/week)

S2-P-1:Solutions

5 h

Liquid - liquid mixtures, ideal liquid mixtures, Raoult's and Henry's laws. Non ideal systems. Azeotropes $HCl-H_2O$ and $C_2H_3OH-H_2O$ systems. Fractional distillation, Partially miscible liquids- Phenol – Water, Trimethyl amine – Water and Nicotine –Water systems. Lower upper consolute temperatures. Effect of impurity on consolute temperature. Immiscible liquids and steam distillation. Nernst distribution law. Calculation of the partition coefficient. Applications of distribution law with solvent extraction.

S2-P-2: Dilute Solutions & Colligative Properties

5 h

Dilute Solutions, Colligative Properties, Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, molecular weight determination. Osmosis - laws of osmotic pressure, its measurement, determination of molecular weight from osmotic pressure. Elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing point. Derivation of relation between molecular weight and elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods for determining various colligative properties. Abnormal molar mass, Van'thoff factor, degree of dissociation and assocoation of solutes.

S2-P-3: Solid state Chemistry

5 h

Laws of Crystallography – (i) Law of Constancy of interfacial angles (ii) Law of Symmetry, Symmetry elements in crystals (iii) Law of rationality of indices. Definition of space lattice, unit cell.Bravais Lattices and Seven Crystal systems (a brief review).X-ray diffraction by crystals; Derivation of Bragg's equation, Determination of structure of NaCl, KCl&CsCl (Bragg's method and Powder method).

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S2-G-1: Theory of Quantitative Analysis

5 hours

Volumetric Analysis: Introduction, standard solutions, indicators, end point, titration curves, Types of titrations: i)neutralization titration- principle, theory of acid base indicators, titration curves and selection of indicators- strong acid - strong base, strong acid - weak base, weak acid-strong base and weak acid - weak base.

Gravimetric analysis- Introduction, nucleation, precipitation, growth of precipitate, filtration and washing, drying and incineration of precipitate, coprecipitation and post precipitation. Determination of Ni²⁺

S3-G-2: Theories of bonding in metals:

5 h

Valence bond theory, Explanation of metallic properties and its limitations, Free electron theory, thermal and electrical conductivity of metals, limitations, Band theory, formation of bands, explanation of conductors, semiconductors n-type and p-type, extrinsic & intrinsic semiconductors, and insulators.

S2-G-3: Material Science

5 h

Classification of materials- classification as metals, ceramics, organic polymers, composites, biological materials etc. The property of super conductivity of materials.

Super conducting materials- elements, alloys and compounds. Properties of super conductors-zero resistivity, Meisener effect and thermal properties. Composites- meaning of composites, advanced composites, classification –particle rein forced fiber reinforced and structural composites general characters of composite materials-Particle- reinforced composites – large particle and dispersion- strengthened composite. Fiber reinforced composites (continuous and discontinuous fiber composites).

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- 5. Physical Chemistry through problems by S.K. Dogra.
- 6. Elements of Physical Chemistry by Lewis and Glasstone.
- 7. Material science by Kakani&Kakani

Unit IV

- 1. Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Analysis by G.H.Jeffery, J.Bassett, J.Mendham and R.C. Denney 5thedn Addison Wesley Longman Inc. 1999.
- 2. Quantitative Analysis by Day and Underwood Prentice Hall (India) VI Edn..
- 3. Nano: The Essentials by T. Pradeep, McGraw-Hill Education.
- 4. Chemistry of nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and applications by CNR Rao et.al.
- 5. Nanostructured Materials and Nanotechnology, edited by Hari Singh Nalwa, Academic Press
- 6. College Practical chemistry by V K Ahluwalia, Sunitha Dhingra and Adarsh Gulati

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Paper II - Qualitative Analysis - II

I Semi micro analysis of mixtures

Analysis of two anions and two cations in the given mixture.

Anions: CO₃²⁻, SO₃²⁻, .S²⁻ Cl⁻, Br⁻, I⁻ CH₃COO⁻, NO₃⁻ PO₄³⁻, BO₃³⁻, SO₄²⁻

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B.Sc II yr CHEMISTRY SEMESTER WISE SYLLABUS SEMESTER III Paper-III

Chemistry - III

Unit-I (Inorganic Chemistry)

15 h (1 hr/week)

S3-I-1: Chemistry of f-block elements:

6 h

Chemistry of Lanthanides: Position in periodic table, Electronic structure, oxidation state, ionic and atomic radii- lanthanide contraction- cause and consequences, anomalous behavior of post lanthanides-complexation- type of donor ligands preferred. Magnetic properties-paramagnetism. Colour and spectra, f-f transitions—occurrence and separation—ion exchange method, solvent extraction.

Chemistry of actinides- general features – electronic configuration, oxidation state, actinide contraction, colour and complex formation. Comparison with lanthanides.

S3-I-2: Symmetry of molecules

5 h

Symmetry operations and symmetry elements in molecules. Definition of Axis of symmetry types of C_n , Plane of symmetry (σh , σv , σd) Center of symmetry and improper rotational axis of symmetry (S_n). Explanation with examples.

S3-I-3: Non – aqueous solvents

4 h

Classification and characteristics of a solvent.Reactions in liquid ammonia – physical properties, auto-ionisation, examples of ammono acids and ammono bases.Reactions in liquid ammonia – precipitation, neutralization, solvolysis, solvation - solutions of metals in ammonia, complex formation, redox reactions. Reactions in HF – autoionisation, reactions in HF – precipitation, acid – base reactions, protonation.

Unit - II (Organic chemistry) 15 h (1 hr/week)

S3-O-1: Alcohols 6 hrs

Preaparation: 1°, 2° and 3° alchols using Griganard reagent, Ester hydrolysis, Reduction of Carbonyl compounds, carboxylic acids and esters. Physical properties: H-bonding, Boiling point and Solubility. Reactions with Sodium, HX/ZnCl₂ (Lucas reagent), esterification, oxidation with PCC, alk.KMnO₄, acidic dichromates, conc. HNO₃ and Oppenauer oxidation.

Diols: Pinacol - pinacolone rearrangement

Phenols: Preapartion: (i) from diazonium salts of anilines, (ii) from benzene sulphonicacids and (iii) Cumenehydroperoxide method.

Properties: Acidic nature, formation of phenoxide and reaction with R-X, electrophilic substitution nitration, halogenation and sulphonation. RiemerTiemann reaction, Gattermann-Koch reaction, Azo-coupling reaction, Schotton-Boumannraction, Houben-Hoesch condensation, FeCl₃ reaction.

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S3-O-2: Ethers and epoxides

2hrs

Nomenclature, preparation by (a) Williamson's synthesis (b) from alkenes by the action of conc. H₂SO₄.Physical properties – Absence of Hydrogen bonding, insoluble in water, low boiling point.Chemical properties – inert nature, action of conc. H₂SO₄ and HI.

S3-O-3 Carbonyl compounds

7 h

Nomenclature of aliphatic and aromatic carbonyl compounds and isomerism.

Praparation of aldehydes & ketones from acid chloride,1,3-dithianes, nitriles and from carboxylic acids. Special methods of preparing aromatic aldehydes and ketones by (a) Oxidation of arenes (b) Hydrolysis of benzal halides Physical properties – absence of Hydrogen bonding. Keto-enol tautomerism, polarisability of carbonyl groups, reactivity of the carbonyl groups in aldehydes and ketones. Chemical reactivity: Addition of [a] NaHSO₃ (b) HCN (c)RMgX (d) NH₃ (e) RNH₂ (f)NH₂OH(g) PhNHNH₂ (h) 2,4DNP (Schiff bases). Addition of H₂O to form hydrate (unstable), comparison with chloral hydrate (stable), addition of alcohols - hemi acetal and acetal formation. Base catalysed reactions with mechanism- Aldol, Cannizaro reaction, Perkin reaction, Benzoin condensation, haloform reaction, Knoevengeal condensation. Oxidation reactions –KMnO₄ oxidation and auto oxidation, reduction – catalytic hydrogenation, Clemmenson's reduction, Wolf- kishner reduction, MeerweinPondoffVerly reduction, reduction with LAH, NaBH₄. Analysis – 2,4 –DNP test, Tollen's test, Fehlings test, Scihff'stest, haloform test (with equations).

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UNIT – III (Physical Chemistry)

15 hr (1h / week)

6 h

S3-P-1: Phase Rule

Statement and meaning of the terms – Phase, Component and degrees of freedom, Gibb's Phase rule, phase equilibria of one component system – water system. Phase equilibria of two-component system – Solid-Liquid equilibria, simple eutectic – Pb-Ag system, desilverisation of lead. Solid solutions – compound with congruent melting point – Mg-Zn system and incongruent melting point – NaCl-H₂O system.

S3-P-2:Colloids& surface chemistry

9 h

Definition of colloids. Classification of colloids. Solids in liquids (sols): preparations and properties – (including Kinetic, Optical and Electrical Stability of colloids) Protective action. Hardy–Schultz law, Gold number. Liquids in liquids(emulsions): Types of emulsions, preparation and emusifier. Liquids in solids(gels); Classification, preparations and properties, General applications of colloids.

Micelles: Classification of surface active agents. Surfactant action, micellization and micellar interactions, Structure of micelles – spherical and laminar. Critical micellar concentration (CMC). Factors affecting the CMC of surfactants. Counter ion binding to micelles.

Adsorption: Types of adsorption, Factors influencing adsorption. Freundlich adsorption isotherm. Langmuir theory of unilayer adsorption isotherm. Applications.

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Unit –IV (General Chemistry)

15 h (1h/week)

S3-G-1: *Nanomaterials:*

3h

Nano structured materials – Definition, size, description of graphene, fullerenes, carbonnano tubes. Synthetic techniques, bottom-up-sol-gel method, top-down, electro deposition method. Production of carbon nano tubes – arc discharge, laser vaporization methods. General applications of nano materials.

S3-G-2: Stereochemistry of carbon compounds

10 h

Isomerism: Definition of isomers. Classification of isomers: Constitutional and Stereoisomers - definition and examples. Constitutional isomers: chain, functional and positional isomers. Stereoisomers: enantiomers and diastereomers – definitions and examples.

Optical activity:Definition, wave nature of light, plane polarised light, optical rotation and specific rotation, chiral centers. Chiral molecules: definition and criteria - absence of plane, center and S_n axis of symmetry – asymmetric and dissymmetric molecules. Examples of asymmetric molecules (Glyceraldehyde, Lactic acid, Alanine) and disymmetric molecules (trans-1,2-dichlorocyclopropane). Molecules with constitutionally symmetrical chiral carbons (Tartaric acid) Molecules with constitutionally unsymmetrical chiral carbons (2,3-dibromopentane)Number of enantiomers and mesomers - calculation. D, L &, R, S configuration for asymmetric and disymmetric molecules (Allenes, spiro compounds and biphenyls), Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules.Racemic mixture, Racemisation and Resolution techniques. Geometrical isomerism with reference to alkenes and cyclo alkanes– cis, trans and E, Z configuration.

S3-G-3: Conformational analysis

2 h

Classification of stereoisomers based on energy. Definition and examples of conformational and configurational isomers. Conformational analysis of ethane, n-butane, 1,2-dichloroethane,2-chloroethanol and methylcyclohexane

Referances:

Unit- I

- 1. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Kalia Vishal Publications 1996.
- 2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee 3rdedn.
- 3. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by F.A.Cotton, G.Wilkinson and Paul.L.Gaus 3rdedn Wiley Publishers 2001.
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- 5. Colloidal and surface chemistry , M. Satake, Y. Hayashi, Y.Mido, S.A.Iqbal and M.S.sethi
- 6. Material science by Kakani&Kakani

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Laboratory Course

Paper III- Quantitative Analysis - I

45hrs (3 h / week)

Acid - Base titrations

- 1. Estimation of Carbonate in Washing Soda.
- 2. Estimation of Bicarbonate in Baking Soda.
- 3. Estimation of Carbonate and Bicarbonate in the Mixture.
- 4. Estimation of Alkali content in Antacid using HCl.

Redox Titrations

- 1. Determination of Fe(II) using K₂Cr₂O₇
- 2. Determination of Fe(II) using KMnO₄ with sodium oxalate as primary standard.
- 3. Determination of Cu(II) using Na₂S₂O₃ with K₂Cr₂O₇ as primary standard

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References:

Unit- I

- 1. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Kalia Vishal Publications
- 2 1996
- 3. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee 3rdedn.
- 4. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by F.A.Cotton, G.Wilkinson and Paul.L.Gaus 3rdedn Wiley Publishers 2001.
- 5. Inorganic Chemistry Principles of structure and reactivity by James E.Huhey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter 4thedn.
- 6. Chemistry of the elements by N.N.Greenwood and A. Earnshaw Pergamon Press 1989.
- 7. Inorganic Chemistry by Shriver and Atkins 3rdedn Oxford Press 1999.
- 8. Textbook of Inorganic Chemistry by R Gopalan

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- 1. Text book of organic chemistry by Soni.
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- **6.** Text book of organic chemistry by C N pillai

Unit III

- 1. Principles of physical chemistry by Prutton and Marron.
- 2. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Soni and Dharmahara...
- 3. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Puri and Sharma.
- 4. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by K. L. Kapoor.
- 5. Physical Chemistry through problems by S.K. Dogra.
- 6. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by R.P. Verma.
- 7. Elements of Physical Chemistry by Lewis Glasstone.
- 8. Industrial Electrochemistry, D. Pletcher, Chapman & Hall

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- 3. Fundamentals of organic synthesis and retrosynthetic analysis
- 4. by Ratna Kumar Kar
- 5. Organic synthesis by Dr. Jagadamba Singh and Dr. L.D.S. Yadav
- 6. Stereochemistry of organic compounds by D. Nasipuri
- 7. Organic chemistry by Clayden, Greeves, Warren and Wothers
- 8. Fundamentals of Asymmetric Synthesis by G. L. David Krupadanam

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Laboratory Course

Paper IV- Quantitative Analysis - II

45hrs (3h/ week))

- 1. Conductometry titrations:
 - i) Strong acid Vs Strong base;
 - ii) Weak acid Vs Strong base.
- 2. Potentiometry titration:
 - i) Strong acid Vs Strong base;
 - ii) Weak acid Vs Strong base.
- 3. Estimation of Nickel by back titration (Standard MgSO₄ solution will be given)
- 4. Estimation of Barium as Barium Sulphate

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B.Sc II yr CHEMISTRY SEMESTER WISE SYLLABUS SEMESTER IV Paper-IV Chemistry - IV

Unit-I (Inorganic Chemistry)
15h (1 h/week)

S4-I-1: Coordination Compounds-I

7 h

Simple inorganic molecules and coordination complexes.Nomenclature – IUPAC rules, 1. Brief review of Werner's theory, Sidgwick's electronic interpretation and EAN rule and their limitations. (Valence bond theory (VBT) – postulates and application to (a) tetrahedral complexes [Ni(NH₃)₄]²⁺, [NiCl₄]²⁻ and [Ni(CO)₄] (b) square planar complexes [Ni(CN)₄]²⁻, [Cu(NH₃)₄]²⁺, [PtCl₄]²⁻ (c) octahedral complexes [Fe(CN)₆]⁴⁻, [Fe(CN)₆]³, [FeF₆]⁴⁻, [Co(NH₃)₆]³⁺, [CoF₆]³⁻. Limitations of VBT).2. Coordination number, coordination geometries of metal ions, types of ligands. 3. Isomerism in coordination compounds, stereo isomerism –(a)geometrical isomerism in (i) square planar metal complexes of the type [MA₂B₂], [MA₂BC], [M(AB)₂], [MABCD]. (ii) Octahedral metal complexes of the type [MA₄B₂], [M(AA)₂B₂], [MA₃B₃] using suitable examples, (b) Optical isomerism in (i). tetrahedral complexes [MABCD], (ii). Octahedral complexes [M(AA)₂B₂], [M(AA)₃] using suitable examples. Structural isomerism: ionization, linkage, coordination ligand isomerism using suitable examples.

S4-I-2:Organometallic Chemistry

4h

Definition, nomenclature and classification of organometallic compounds. Methods of preparation, properties and applications of alkyl and aryl compounds of Li, Mg &Al. Preparation and properties of ferrocene.

S4-I-3: Metal carbonyls and related compounds

4h

18 valence electron rule, classification of metal carbonyls: Ni(CO)₄, Fe(CO)₅, Fe₂(CO)₉, Fe₃(CO)₁₂ and Cr(CO)₆, Preparation and properties of Ni(CO)₄.

UNIT - II (Organic chemistry)

15 h (1 hr/week)

S4-O-1: Carboxylic acids and derivatives

6h

Nomenclature, classification and methods of preparation a) Hydrolysis of Nitriles, amides and esters. b) Carbonation of Grignard reagents. Special methods of preparation of Aromatic Acids.Oxidation of the side chain of Arenes.Hydrolysis of benzotrichlorides.Kolbe reaction. Physical properties- hydrogen bonding, dimeric association, acidity – strength of acids with the examples of trimethyl acetic acid and trichloro acetic acid, Relative differences in the acidity of Aromatic, aliphatic acids& phenols. Chemical properties – Reactions involving H, OH and COOH groups -salt formation, anhydride formation, Acid halide formation, Esterification (mechanism) & Amide formation. Reduction of acid to the corresponding primary alcohol - via ester or acid chloride.Degradation of carboxylic acids by Huns Diecker reaction, Schmidt reaction (Decarboxylation).Arndt – Eistert synthesis, Halogenation by Hell – Volhard - Zelensky reaction.Carboxylic acid Derivatives – Reactions of acid halides, Acid anhydrides, acid amides and esters (mechanism of ester hydrolysis by base and acid).

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Prof. Gade Dayakar, Chairperson, BOS in Chemistry, KU,

3h

Acidity of α -Hydrogens of withdrawing groups, structure of carbanion. Preparation of Acetoacetic ester (ethylacetoester) by Claisen condensation and synthetic application of Aceto acetic ester. (a) Acid hydrolysis and ketonic hydrolysis: Butanone, 3-Methyl 2-butanone. Preparation of (i) monocarboxylic acids ii) dicarboxylic acids (b) malonic ester – synthetic applications. Preparation of (i) substituted mono carboxylic acids and (ii) substituted dicarboxylic acids.

S4-O-3Nitro hydrocarbons:

6 h

Nomenclature and classification of nitro hydrocarbons. Structure. Tautomerism of nitroalkanes leading to aci and keto form. Preparation of Nitroalkanes. Reactivity - halogenation, reaction with HNO₂ (Nitrous acid), Nef reaction, Mannich reaction, Michael addition and reduction. Aromatic Nitro hydrocarbons: Nomenclature, Preparation of Nitrobenzene by Nitration. Physical properties, chemical reactivity – orientation of electrophilic substitution on nitrobenzene. Reduction reaction of Nitrobenzenes in different media.

Unit – III (Physical Chemistry)

15 hr (1h / week)

S4-P-1: Electrochemistry & EMF

15 h

Electrical transport – conduction in metals and in electrolyte solutions, specific conductance and equivalent conductance, measurement of equivalent conductance, variation of specific and equivalent conductance with dilution. Migration of ions and Kholrausch's law, Arrhenius theory of electrolyte dissociation and its limitations, weak and strong electrolytes, Ostwald's dilution law, its uses and limitations. Debye-Huckel-Onsagar's equation for strong electrolytes (elementary treatment only). Transport number, definition and determination by Hittorf's method for attackable electrodes. Applications of conductivity measurements: Determination of degree of dissociation, determination of K_a of acids, determination of solubility product of a sparingly soluble salt, conductometric titrations.

Electrolyte and Galvanic cells – reversible and irreversible cells, conventional representation of electrochemical cells.EMF of a cell and its measurement.Computation of EMF.Types of reversible electrodes- the gas electrode, metal-metal ion, metal-insoluble salt and redox electrodes.Electrode reactions, Nernst equation, cell EMF and single electrode potential, standard Hydrogen electrode – reference electrodes (calamel electrode) – standard electrode potential, sign conventions, electrochemical series and its significance.

Applications of EMF measurements, Calculation of thermodynamic quantities of cell reactions (ΔG , ΔH and K). Determination of pH using hydrogen electrode, glass electrode and quinhydrone electrode, Solubility product of AgCl. Potentiometric titrations.

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Unit –IV (General Chemistry)

15 h (1h/week)

S4-G-1: Pericyclic Reactions

5 h

Concerted reactions, Molecular orbitals of ethene,1,3-butadiene and allyl radical. Symmetry properties, HOMO, LUMO, Thermal and photochemical pericyclic reactions. Types of pericyclic reactions – electrocyclic, cycloaddition and sigmatropic reactions – one example each and their explanation by FMO theory.

S4-G-2: Synthetic Strategies

5 h

Terminology – Target molecule (TM), Disconnection approach – Retrosynthesis, Synthon, Synthetic equivalent (SE), Functional group interconversion (FGI), Linear, Convergent synthesis. Retrosynthetic analysis of the following molecules: 1) acetophenone 2) cyclohexene and 3) phenylethylbromide.

S4-G-3: Asymmetric synthesis

5 h

Definition and classification of stereoslective reactions: substrate, product stereoselectivereactions, enantio and diastereo selective reactions. Stereospecific reaction – definition – example – dehalogenation of 1,2-dibromides induced by iodide ion. Enantoselective reactions – definition – example –Reduction of Ethylacetoacetate by Yeast.Diastereoselective reaction-definition-example:Acid catalysed dehydration of 1-phenylproponal and Grignard addition to 2-phenyl propanal. Definition and explanation of enantiomeric excess and diastereomeric excess.

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Laboratory Course

Paper IV- Quantitative Analysis - II

45hrs (3h/ week))

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- 4. Estimation of Barium as Barium Sulphate

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B.Sc. Final Year (Under CBCS) SEMESTER – V

(SEC-3) Skill Enhancement Course-III (FOR ALL SCIENCE FACULTY DEPARTMENTS)

VERBAL REASONING FOR APTITUDE TEST

Credits: 2

Theory: 2 hours/week Marks - 50

Unit – I NUMBERS AND DIAGRAMS

- **1.1 Series Completion**: Number series, Alphabet Series
- **1.2 Series Completion**: Alpha Numeric Series, Continuous Pattern Series
- 1.3 Logical Venn Diagrams
- **1.4 Mathematical Operations**: Problem solving by substitution, Interchange of signs and numbers

Unit - II ARITHMETICAL REASONING

- **2.1 Mathematical Operations**: Deriving the appropriate conclusions
- **2.2 Arithmetical Reasoning**: Calculation based problems, Data based problems
- 2.3 **Arithmetical Reasoning**: Problems on ages, Venn diagram based problems
- 2.4 Cause and Effect Reasoning

Text Book: A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning by Dr. R.S.Aggarwal

B.Sc. Final Year (Under CBCS) SEMESTER – V

(GE-1) GENERIC ELECTIVE-I

(FOR ALL SCIENCE FACULTY DEPARTMENTS)

PUBLIC HEALTH AND HYGIENE Credits: 2

Theory :2 hours/week Marks: 50

UNIT – I : NUTRITION AND ENVIRONMENT

- 1.1 Balanced diet and Malnutrition.
- 1.2 Nutritional deficiencies and disorders- Carbohydrates, proteins, lipids, vitamins and

minerals.

- 1.3 Occupational, Industrial, agricultural and urban Health-Exposure at work place, urban areas, industrial workers, farmers and agricultural labourers, Health workers and health disorders and diseases.
- 1.4 Environmental pollution and associated Health hazards, Water borne diseases and Air borne diseases.

UNIT-II: DISEASES AND HEALTH CARE

- 2.1 Causes, Symptoms, Diagnosis, Treatment and Prevention Malaria, Filaria, Measles,
 - Polio, Chicken pox, Rabies, Plague, Leprosy,.
- 2.2 Causes, Symptoms, Diagnosis, Treatment and Prevention of non communicable diseases - Hypertension, Coronary Heart diseases, Stroke, Diabetes, Obesity and Mental ill-health.
- 2.3 Health care legislation in India Termination of pregnancy act, Maternity benefit act, Biomedical waste act, ESI act.
- 2.4 First Aid and Health awareness, personal health care record maintenance.

U.G. CHEMISTRY (Under CBCS)

B.Sc. Final Year (DSC-1E) SEMESTER – V

CHEMISTRY PAPER-V

Unit-I (Inorganic Chemistry)

11 Hrs

S5-I-1: Coordination Compounds-II

09 Hrs

Tetrahedral, square planer with suitable examples. Crystal field stabilization energies and its calculations for various dⁿ configurations in octahedral complexes. High Spin Low Spin complexes.

Magnetic properties of transition metal complexes- para, dia, ferro, anti ferromagnetic properties, determination of magnetic susceptibility (Guoy method), spin only formula, calculations of magnetic moments.

Electronic spectra of metal complexes – color of transition metal aqua complexes – d-d transitions. Detection of complex formation - basic principles of various methods- change in chemical properties, solubility, color, pH, conductivity, magnetic susceptibility.

Thermodynamic and kinetic stability of transition of metal complexes. Stability of metal complexes –stepwise and overall stability constant and their relationship. Factors effecting the stability constants. Chelate effect, determination of composition of complex by Job's method and mole ratio method.

Applications of coordination compounds

Applications of coordination compounds a) in quantitative and qualitative analysis with suitable examples b) in medicine for removal of toxic metal ions and cancer therapy c) in industry as catalysts polymerization – Ziegler Natta catalyst d) water softening

S5-I-2: Boranes and Carboranes

02 Hrs

Definition of clusters. Structures of boranes and carboranes- Wade's rules, closo, nido arachno Boranes and Carboranes.

Unit-II (Organic Chemistry)

11 Hrs

S5-O-1: Amines, Cyanides and Isocyanides

07 Hrs

Amines:

Nomenclature, classification into 1°, 2°, 3° Amines and Quaternary ammonium compounds. Preparative methods – 1. Ammonolysis of alkyl halides 2. Gabriel synthesis 3. Hoffman's bromide reaction (mechanism). Reduction of Amides and Schmidt reaction. Physical properties and basic character – Comparative basic strength of Ammonia, methyl amine, dimethyl amine, tri methyl amine and aniline- comparative basic strength of aniline, N- methyl aniline and N,N-dimethyl aniline (in aqueous and non- aqueous medium), steric effects and substituent effects. Use of amine salts as phase transfer catalysts. 4. Chemical Properties: a) Alkylation b) Acylation c) Carbylamine reaction d) Hinsberg's separation. 5. Reaction with Nitrous acid of 1°, 2°, 3° (Aliphatic and aromatic amines). Electophilic substitutions of Aromatic amines – Bromination and Nitration, oxidation of aryl and 30 Amines, diazotisation. 6. Diazonium salts: Preparation with mechanism. Synthetic importance – a) Replacement of diazonium group by – OH, X (Cl)-Sandmeyer and Gatterman reaction, by fluorine (Schiemann's reaction), by iodine, CN, NO₂, H and aryl groups. Coupling Reaction of diazonium salts. i) with phenols ii) with anilines. Reduction to phenyl hydrazines

Cyanides and isocyanides:

Nomenclature (aliphatic and aromatic) structure. Preparation of cyanides from a) Alkyl halides b) from amides c) from aldoximes. Preparation of isocyanides from Alkyl halides and Amines. 2. Properties of cyanides and isocyanides, a)hydrolysis b) addition of Grignard reagent iii) reduction iv) oxidation.

S5-O-2: Heterocyclic Compounds

04 Hrs

Introduction and definition: Simple 5 membered ring compounds with one hetero atom Ex. Furan. Thiophene and pyrrole. Importance of ring systems – presence in important natural products like hemoglobin and chlorophyll. Numbering the ring systems as per Greek letter and Numbers. Aromatic character – 6- electron system (four-electrons from two double bonds and a pair of non-bonded electrons from the hetero atom). Tendency to undergo substitution reactions. Resonance structures: Indicating electron surplus carbons and electron deficient hetero atom. Explanation of feebly acidic character of pyrrole, electrophillic substitution at 2 or 5 position, Halogenation, Nitration and Sulphonation under mild conditions. Reactivity of furan as 1,3-diene, Diels Alder reactions (one example). Sulphonation of thiophene purification of Benzene

obtained from coal tar). Preparation of furan, Pyrrole and thiophene from 1,4,- dicarbonyl compounds only, Paul-Knorr synthesis, structure of pyridine, Basicity – Aromaticity – Comparison with pyrrole – one method of preparation and properties – Reactivity towards Nucleophilic substitution reaction – Pchichibabin reaction.

Unit-III (Physical Chemistry)

S5-P-1: Chemical Kinetics

11 Hrs

Introduction to chemical kinetics, rate of reaction, variation of concentration with time, rate laws and rate constant. Specific reaction rate. Factors influencing reaction rates: effect of concentration of reactants, effect of temperature, effect of pressure, effect of reaction medium, effect of radiation, effect of catalyst with simple examples, order of reaction.

First order reaction, derivation of equation for rate constant. Characteristics of first order reaction. Units for rate constant. Half- life period, graph of 1st order reaction, examples. Decomposition of H_2O_2 and decomposition of oxalic acid.

Pseudo first order reaction, Hydrolysis of methyl acetate, inversion of cane sugar, problems Second order reaction, derivation of expression for 2nd order rate constant, examples-Saponification of ester, $2O_3 \longrightarrow 3O_2$, $C_2H_4 + H_2 \longrightarrow C_2H_6$. Characteristics of second order reaction, units for rate constants, half- life period and second order plots.

Zero order reaction: derivation of rate expression, examples i)combination of H₂ and Cl₂ to form HCl, ii) thermal decomposition of HI on gold surface characteristics of Zero order reaction units of k, half-life period and graph, problems.

Determination of order of reaction: i) method of integration, ii) half life method, iii) vant-Hoff differential method iv) Ostwald's isolation method. Problems.

Kinetics of complex reactions (first order only): Opposing reactions, Parallel reactions, Consecutive reactions and Chain reactions. Problems.

Effect of temperature on reaction rate, Arrhenius equation. Temperature coefficient. Concept of energy of activation, determination of energy of activation from Arrhenius equation and by graphical method, problems. Simple collision theory based on hard sphere model explanation of frequency factor, orientation or steric factor. The transition state theory (elementary treatment).

Unit-IV (General Chemistry)

12 Hrs

S5-G-1: Molecular spectroscopy

08 Hrs

Introduction to electromagnetic radiation, interaction of electromagnetic rations with molecules, various types of molecular spectra.

Rotational spectroscopy (Microwave spectroscopy)

Rotational axis, moment of inertia, classification of molecules (based on moment of inertia), rotational energies, selection rules, determination of bond length of rigid diatomic molecules eg. HCl.

Infra red spectroscopy

Energy levels of simple harmonic oscillator, molecular vibration spectrum, selection rules. Determination of force constant. Qualitative relation of force constant to bond energies. Anharmonic motion of real molecules and energy levels. Modes of vibrations in polyatomic molecules. Characteristic absorption bands of various functional groups. Finger print nature of infrared spectrum

Electronic spectroscopy:

Bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals, electronic energy levels of molecules (, , n), types of electronic transitions: - *, n- *, n- *, - * with suitable examples. Selection rules, Terminology of chromophore, auxochrome, bathochromic and hypsochromic shifts. Absorption of characteristics of chromophones: diene, enone and aromatic chromophores. Representation of UV-Visible spectra.

S5-G-2: Photochemistry

04 Hrs

Introduction to photochemical reactions, Difference between thermal and photochemical reactions, Laws of photo chemistry- Grotthus - Drapper law, Stark - Einsteins Law of photo chemical equivalence. Quantum yield. Examples of photo chemical reactions with different quantum yields. Photo chemical combinations of $H_2 - Cl_2$ and $H_2 - Br_2$ reactions, reasons for the high and low quantum yield. Problems based on quantum efficiency, Consequences of light absorptions. Singlet and triplet states. Jablonski diagram Explanation of internal conversion, inter- system crossing, Phosphorescence, fluorescence.

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- 1. Principles of Inorganic Chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Kalia Vishal Publications 1996.
- 2. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee 3rd edn.
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- 4. Physical Chemistry by Atkins & De Paula, 8th Edition
- 5. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by K. L. Kapoor.
- 6. Physical Chemistry through problems by S.K. Dogra.
- 7. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by R.P. Verma.
- 8. Elements of Physical Chemistry by Lewis Glasstone.
- 9. Basics of Chemical Kinetics by G.L. Agarwal
- 10. Kinetics and mechanism of chemical transformations by Rajaram & Kuriacose

Unit IV

- 1. Bioinorganic Chemistry, M.N.Huges
- 2. Organic spectroscopy, William Kemp
- 3. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Pattania.
- 4. Photochemistry by Gurdeep Raj, Goel publishing house, 5th edition

U.G. CHEMISTRY (Under CBCS)

B.Sc. Final Year (DSC-1E) SEMESTER – V

LABORATORY COURSE CHEMISTRY-V (Organic Synthesis and TLC)

(03 Hrs per week, 01 Credit) 45 Hrs

I. Synthesis of Organic compounds:

Acetylation: Acetylation of salicylic acid, Benzoylation of Aniline.

Aromatic electrophilic substitution: Nitration: Preparation of nitro benzene and m-dinitro

benzene.

Halogenation: Preparation of p-bromo acetanilide, Preparation of 2, 4, 6-tribromo phenol

Oxidation: Preparation of benzoic acid from benzyl chloride.

Esterification: Preparation of n-butyl acetate from acetic acid.

Methylation: Preparation of - naphthyl methyl ether.

Condensation: Preparation of benzilidine aniline and Benzaldehyde and aniline.

Diazotisation: Azocoupling of -Naphthol.

II. Thin layer Chromatography (TLC)

Determination of $R_{\rm f}$ values and identification of organic compounds: preparation and separation of 2,4-dinitrophenyl hydrazones of acetone and 2-butanone using toluene and light petroleum(40:60)

Separation of ortho & para nitro aniline mixtures

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTRY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSE-1E) SEMESTER – V

ELECTIVE-I

A (T) - INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

Unit I: Chromatography-I

11Hrs

S5-E-A-I: Solvent Extraction- Principle, Methods of extraction: Batch extraction, continuous extraction and counter current extraction. Application – Determination of Iron (III). **Chromatography:** Classification of chromatographic methods, principles of differential migration, adsorption phenomenon, nature of adsorbents, solvent systems.

Thin layer Chromatography (TLC): Advantages, preparation of plates, development of the chromatogram, Detection of the spots, factors effecting Rf values and applications.

Paper Chromatography: Principle, choice of paper and solvent systems, development of chromatogram – ascending, descending, radial and two dimensional chromatography and applications

Unit II: Chromatography-II

11Hrs

S5-E-A-II: Column Chromatography- Principle, Types of stationary phases, Column packing – Wet packing technique, Dry packing technique. Selection criteria of mobile phase solvents for eluting polar, non-polar compounds and its applications.

Ion exchange chromatography: Principle, cation and anion exchange resins, its application in separation of ions.

Gas Chromatography: Theory and instrumentation (Block Diagram), Types of stationary phases and carrier gases (mobile phase).

High performance liquid chromatography: Theory and instrumentation, stationary phases and mobile phases. Analysis of paracetamol.

Unit III: Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry

12Hrs

S5-E-A-III: General features of absorption – spectroscopy, transmittance, absorbance, and molar absorptivity. Beer Lambert's law and its limitations, difference between Colorimetry and Spectrophotometry.

Instruments – Single beam UV- Visible Spectrophotometer, Double beam UV- Visible Spectrophotometer. Lamps used as energy sources. Verification of Beer's law. Estimation of iron in water samples by thiocyanate method. Estimation of (i) Chromium and (ii) Manganese in steel.

IR Spectrophotometer: Principle, Sources of Radiations, Sampling, Block diagram of FT-IR Spectrophotometer.

Unit IV: Electro analytical methods

11Hrs

S5-E-A-IV: Types of Electro analytical Methods.

- I) Interfacial methods a) Potentiometry: Principle, Electrochemical cell, Electrodes- (i) Indicator and (ii) Reference electrodes Normal Hydrogen Electrode, Quinhydrone Electrode, Saturated Calomel Electrode. Numerical Problems. Application of Potentiometry Assay of Sulphanilamide
- b) Voltametry three electrode assembly; Introduction to types of voltametric techniques, micro electrodes, Over potential and Polarization
- **II) Bulk methods** Conductometry, Conductivity Cell, Specific Conductivity, Equivalent Conductivity. Numerical Problems. Applications of conductometry. Estimation of Cl using AgNO₃ Determination of Aspirin with KOH.

Recommended Text Books and Reference Books

- 1. Analytical Chemistry by David Krupadanam, Universities Press (India) Limited.
- 2. D.A. Skoog, F.J. Holler, T.A. Nieman, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Engage earning India Ed.
- 3. D. A. Skoog, D.M. West, F.J. Holler, Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry 6th Ed., Saunders College Publishing, Fort worth (1992).
- 4. Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J. & Settoe, F.A. Instrumental Methods of Analysis. 7th Ed. Wadsworth Publishing Co. Ltd., Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- 5. Harris, D. C. Quantitative Chemical Analysis, W. H. Freeman. 2007.
- 6. Dean, J. A. Analytical Chemistry Notebook, McGraw Hill.
- 7. Day, R. A. & Underwood, A. L. Quantitative Analysis, Prentice Hall of India.
- 8. Freifelder, D. Physical Biochemistry 2nd Ed., W.H. Freeman and Co., N.Y. USA, 1982.
- 9. Cooper, T.G. The Tools of Biochemistry, John Wiley and Sons, N.Y. USA. 16, 1977.
- 10. Vogel, A. I. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis 7th Ed., Prentice Hall.
- 11. Vogel, A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Prentice Hall.
- 12. Robinson, J.W. Undergraduate Instrumental Analysis 5th Ed., Marcel Dekker, Inc, New York (1995).
- 13. Analytical Chemistry 7th edition by Gary D. Christian (2004).
- 14. B. K. Sharma, Industrial Chemistry (including Chemical Engineering). Edn. (1997).
- 15. M.N Sastry, Separation Methods, Paperback (2004), Himalaya Publications.
- 16. Usharani Analytical Chemistry Paperback (2000) Narosa Publications

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTRY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSE-1E) SEMESTER – V

ELECTIVE-I

A (T) - INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS LABORATORY COURSE

(Chemical Kinetics& Electrochemistry)

(02 Hrs per week, 01 Credit) 30 Hrs

I. Chemical Kinetics

- Kinetic study of Acid Catalyzed hydrolysis of methyl acetate and determination of rate constant - Graphical method.
- 2. Kinetic study of Acid catalyzed Acetone Iodine reaction and determination of rate constant Graphical method.
- 3. Kinetic study of persulphate iodide reaction and determination rate constant Graphical method

II. Electrochemistry (Potentiometry & pH metry)

- $\label{eq:continuous} 1. \ Determination of \ Redox \ potentials \ of \ Fe^{2+} \ by \ Potentiometry \ titration \ of \ ferrous \ ammonium \ sulphate \ Vs. \ KMnO_4.$
- 2. pH metric titration of strong acid (HCl) with strong base (NaOH)
- 3. pH metric titration of weak acid (Acetic acid) with strong base (NaOH) and determination of dissociation constant

Reference Books:

- 1. Garland, C. W.; Nibler, J. W. & Shoemaker, D. P. Experiments in Physical Chemistry 8th Ed.; McGraw-Hill: New York (2003).
- 2. Halpern, A. M. & McBane, G. C. *Experimental Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed.*; W.H. Freeman & Co.: New York (2003).
- 3. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A., Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
- 4. Practical Physical Chemistry by B. Vishwanathan and P.S. Raghavan.

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTRY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSE-1E) SEMESTER – V

ELECTIVE-I

B) INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY AND CATALYSIS (03 Hrs per week, 03 Credits) 45 Hrs

Unit I: General Principles of Metallurgy and Production of Non Ferrous Metals 11 Hrs

S5-E-B-I: Pyrometallurgy: Drying and calcination, roasting, smelting, products of smelting,

Hydrometallurgy: Leaching methods, leaching agents, leaching of metals, oxides and sulphides.

Separation of liquid and solid phases and processing of aqueous solutions

Electrometallurgy: Electrolysis, Refining electrolysis, electrolysis from aqueous solutions,

fused-salt electrolysis

Refining processes: Chemical and physical refining processes

Production of selected non-ferrous metals (Copper, Nickel, Zinc): Properties, raw materials, production (flow charts presentations and chemical reactions involved) and uses.

Unit II: Natural and Synthetic Dyes

12 Hrs

S5-E-B-II: Classification of dyes. Sources of natural dyes: Indigoid, Anthraquinone, Naphthoquinone, Benzoquinone, Flavonoid, Carotenoid and Tannin-based dyes.

Synthetic Dyes: Acidic, basic, dispersive, direct, reactive and vat dyes with examples. Extraction of natural dyes and their sustainability: The different methods for extraction of coloring materials from natural dyes. Aqueous extraction, alkali or acid extraction, microwave and ultrasonic assisted extraction, fermentation, solvent extraction, super critical fluid extraction. Drying methods. Application of natural dyes on textiles, Mordanting- types of mordanting - metallic mordants, oil mordants, Tannins and Tannic acid. Present scenario and sustainability Issues in usage of natural dyes and cost considerations.

Unit III: Catalysis-I

S5-E-B-III: Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis - Definition of a catalyst and catalysis.

Comparison of homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis with specific examples. General characteristics of catalytic reactions.

Acid-base catalysis- Examples of acid and base catalysed reactions, hydrolysis of esters. Kinetics of acid catalysed reactions. Specific acid and general acid catalysis, Kinetics of base catalysed reactions. Specific base and general base catalysis. Examples-Aldol condensation and decomposition of nitramide, base catalysed conversion of acetone to di acetone alcohol. Effect of Ph on reaction rate of acid and base catalysed reactions.

Phase transfer catalysis: Principle of phase transfer catalysis, classification of phase transfer catalysts. Factors influencing the rate of PTC reactions.

Unit IV: Catalysis-II 11 Hrs

S5-E-B-IV: Enzyme catalysis- Characteristics of enzyme catalysis, Examples: (i) Invertase in inversion of cane sugar (ii) Maltase in conversion of maltose to glucose (iii) Urease in decomposition of urea and (iv) Zymase in conversion of glucose to ethanol. Factors affecting enzyme catalysis. Effect of temperature, pH, concentration and inhibitor on enzyme catalysed reactions.

Kinetics of enzyme catalysed reactions: Michaelis-Menton Equation. Mechanism of enzyme catalysed reactions. Significance of Michaelis constant (Km) and maximum velocity (Vmax), Lineweaver-Burk plot.

References

- 1. E. Stocchi: Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
- 2. R.M. Felder, R.W. Rousseau: Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. J. A. Kent: Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. Kate ina Skotnicová, Monika Losertová, Miroslav Kursa, Theory of production of non-ferrous metals and alloys Study.
- 5. K. Venkataraman, the Chemistry of Synthetic Dyes, Volume 4, Elsevier, Technology & Engineering.
- 6. Sujata Saxena and A. S. M. Raja by Natural Dyes: Sources, Chemistry, Application and Sustainability Issues.
- 7. Physical Chemistry by Atkins and De Paula, 8th Edn.
- 8. Physical Chemistry by Puri, Sharma and Pattania, 2017.
- 9. Kinetics and mechanism of chemical transformations by Rajarajm and Kuraiacose, Published by Macmillan India Ltd.
- 10. Text book of Physical Chemistry by K.L. Kapoor Macmillan, 1999.
- 11. Catalysis by J.C. Kuriacose, Macmillan Macmillan Publishers India Limited, 1980.

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTRY (Under CBCS)

B.Sc. Final Year (DSE-1E) SEMESTER – V

LABORATORY COURSE

DSE: CHEMISTRY LAB PAPER -VI (Elective-B)

(Spectral Analysis & Separation of Organic Compounds)

(02 Hrs per week, 01 Credit) 30 Hrs

I. Spectral analysis of Organic compounds

Analysis of any five organic compounds with different functional group using UV, IR, ¹HNMR and Mass Spectroscopy.

II. Separation of two component mixture

- 1. Aniline + Naphthalene
- 2. Benzoic acid + Benzophenone

- 1. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. *Principles of Instrumental Analysis*, Cengage Learning India Ed.
- 2. Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J. & Settoe, F.A. *Instrumental Methods of Analysis*, 7th Ed. Wadsworth Publishing Company Ltd., Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- 3. Spectroscopic identification of organic compounds by R M Silverstein and F X Webster.

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTRY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSE-1E) SEMESTER – V

ELECTIVE-I

CHEMISTRY PAPER-VI (Elective-C) DSE: Analysis of Drugs, Foods & Dairy Products (03 Hrs per week, 03 Credits) 45 Hrs

UNIT- I 11 Hrs

S5-E-C-1: Analysis of the drugs and pharmaceuticals preparations-I

(Knowledge of molecular formula, structure and analysis)

- 1. Analysis of analgesics and antipyretics like aspirin and paracetamol
- 2. Analysis of antimalerials like choloroquine.
- 3. Analysis of drugs in the treatment of infections and infestations: Amoxicillin, chloramphenicol, metronidazole, penicillin, tetracycline, cephalexin (cephalexin). Anti-tuberculosis drugisoniazid.

UNIT - II

S5-E-C-2: Analysis of the drugs and pharmaceuticals preparations-II

(Knowledge of molecular formula, structure and analysis)

- 1. Analysis of antihistamine drugs and sedatives like: Allegra, zyrtec (citirizine), alprazolam, trazodone, lorazepem, ambient (zolpidem), diazepam.
- 2. Analysis of prevacid (lansoprazole) a drug used for the prevention of production of acids in stomach.

UNIT - III 11 Hrs

S5-E-C-3: Analysis of the drugs and pharmaceuticals preparations-III

- 1. Analysis of anti epileptic and anti convulsant drugs like Phenobarbital and phenacemide.
- 2. Analysis of drugs used in case of cardiovascular drugs: atenolol, norvasc (amlodipine).
- 3. Analysis of Lipitor (atorvastatin) a drug for the prevention of production of cholesterol.
- 4. Analysis of diuretics like: furosemide (Lasix), triamterene

UNIT - IV

S6-E-C-4: Analysis of Milk, Milk products & Food materials

12 Hrs

Acidity, total solids, fat, total nitrogen, protenines, lactose, phosphate activity, casein, chloride. Analysis of food materials- Preservatives: Sodium carbonate, sodium benzoate sorbic acid Coloring matters, - Briliant blue FCF, fast green FCF, tertrazine, erytrhosine, sunset yellow FCF. Flavoring agents - Vanilla, diacetyl, isoamyl acetate, limonene, ethyl propionate, allyl hexanoate and Adulterants in rice and wheat, wheat floo0r, sago, coconut oil, coffee powder, tea powder, milk.

- 1.F.J.Welcher-Standard methods of analysis
- 2.A.I.Vogel-A text book of quantitative Inorganic analysis-ELBS
- 3.F.D.Snell & F.M.Biffen-Commercial methods of analysis-D.B.Taraporavala & sons
- 4.J.J.Elving and I.M.Kolthoff- Chemical analysis A series of monographs on analytical chemistry and its applications -- Inter Science- Vol I to VII.
- 5. Aanalytical Agricultrual Chemistry by S.L. Chopra & J.S. Kanwar -- Kalyani Publishers
- 6. Quantitative analysis of drugs in pharmaceutical formulations by P.D.Sethi, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi .
- 7. G.Ingram- Methods of organic elemental micro analysis- Chapman and Hall.
- 8. H.Wincciam and Bobbles (Henry J)- Instrumental methods of analysis of food additives.
- 9. H.Edward-The Chemical analysis of foods; practical treatise on the examination of food stuffs and the detection of adulterants
- 10. The quantitative analysis of drugs- D.C.Garratt-Chapman & Hall.
- 11. A text book of pharmaceutical analysis by K.A.Connors-Wiley-International.
- 12. Comprehensive medicinal chemistry-Ed Corwin Hansch Vol 5, Pergamon Pres.

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTRY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSE-1E) SEMESTER – V

ELECTIVE-I

LABORATORY COURSE

DSE: CHEMISTRY LAB PAPER -VI (Elective-C)

((Industrial Chemicals & Environment))

(02 Hrs per week, 01 Credit) 30 Hrs

- 1. Determination of dissolved oxygen in water.
- 2. Determination of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
- 3. Percentage of available chlorine in bleaching powder.
- 5. Measurement of chloride of water samples by simple titration method by AgNO3
- 6. Estimation of total alkalinity of water samples (CO₃²- & HCO₃ using double titration Method.
- 7. Estimation of Copper in Brass

- 1. E. Stocchi., Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
- **2.** R.M. Felder, R.W. Rousseau: Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. J. A. Kent., Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- **4.** S. S. Dara., A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Company Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. K. De., Environmental Chemistry: New Age International Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- **6.** S. M. Khopkar., Environmental Pollution Analysis: Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi.

U.G. Skill Enhancement Course - IV

(Under CBCS)

B.Sc. Final Year SEMESTER - VI

(FOR ALL SCIENCE FACULTY DEPARTMENTS)

QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE TEST

Credits: 2

Theory: 2 hours/week Marks - 40

Unit – I ARITHMETICAL ABILITY

1.1 Arithmetical Ability: Ratio & Proportion

1.2 Arithmetical Ability: Time & Work, Time & Distance **1.3 Arithmetical Ability**: Simple Interest, Compound Interest

1.4 Arithmetical Ability: Stocks & Shares

Unit – II DATA INTERPRETATION

2.1 Data Interpretation: Tabulation2.2 Data Interpretation: Bar Graphs2.3 Data Interpretation: Pie Charts2.4 Data Interpretation: Line Graphs

Text Book: Quantitative Aptitude by Dr. R.S.Aggarwal

U.G. B.Sc. Final Year (Under CBCS) Semester – VI: Generic Elective Paper-II (FOR ALL SCIENCE FACULTY DEPARTMENTS)

WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

UNIT-I

- 1. Importance of Natural Resources Different Types Resources
- 2. Significance of Water Resources and their uses
- 3. Conservation of water and recycling of the water Global distribution of water
- **4.** Water shed programmes and their management
- **5.** Storing the rain water in tanks and recharging ground water.

Unit-II

- 6. Rain water harvesting in rural areas (chekdam, trenches etc.,)
- 7. Over use of surface and ground water and control measures.
- 8. Aims, objectives and implementation of Mission Bhagiratha (Telangana Government Drinking water programme)
- 9. Aims, objectives and implementation of Mission Kakatiya (Telangana Government minor irrigation programme)
- 10. Issues and challenges in Water Resources Management

U.G. CHEMISTERY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSC-1F) SEMESTER – VI

DSC-VI (T): CHEMISTERY PAPER-VII (03 Hrs per week, 03 Credits) 45 Hrs

Unit-I (Inorganic Chemistry)

11Hrs

S6-I-1: Inorganic reaction mechanisms

04 Hrs

Labile and inert complexes, Thermodynamic and kinetic stability based on VBT & CFT: ligand substitution reactions – Sn1 and S n2 in Octahedral complexes; substitution reactions of square planar complexes – Trans effect and applications of trans effect. Reactions of tetrahedral complexes - Hydrolysis of silicon halides and phosphorous oxides.

S6-I-2: Bio inorganic chemistry

05 Hrs

Essential elements, biological significance of Na, K, Mg, Ca, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn and chloride ion. Toxic metal ions As, Hg & Pb

Oxygen transport and storage – structure of hemoglobin, binding and transport of oxygen. Fixation of CO_2 in photosynthesis- overview of light and dark reactions in photosynthesis. Structure of chlorophyll and coordination of magnesium. Electron transport in light reactions from water to $NADP^+$ (Z – scheme).

S6-I-3: Hard and soft acids bases (HSAB)

02Hrs

Classification, Pearson's concept of hardness and softness, application of HSAB principles – Stability of compounds / complexes, predicting the feasibility of reaction.

UNIT - II (Organic Chemistry)

11 Hrs

S6-O-1: Carbohydrates

06 Hrs

Introduction: Classification and nomenclature - classification into mono, oligo and polysaccharides, into pentoses, hexoses etc., into aldoses and ketoses. Monosaccharides: All discussion to be confined to (+) glucose as an example of aldo hexoses and (-) fructose as example of ketohexoses. Chemical properties and structural elucidation: Evidences for straight chain pentahydroxy aldehyde structure (Acetylation, reduction to nhexane, cyanohydrins formation, reduction of Tollen's and Fehling's reagents and oxidation to gluconic and saccharic acids). Number of optically active, isomers possible for the structure, configuration of glucose based on D-glyceraldehyde as primary standard (No proof for configuration is required). Evidence for cyclic structure of glucose (some negative aldehyde tests and mutarotation). Cyclic structure of glucose: Proposition of cyclic structure (Pyranose structure, anomeric Carbon and anomers). Proof for the ring size (methylation, hydrolysis and oxidation reactions). Different ways of writing pyranose structure (Haworth formula and chair conformational formula). Structure of fructose: Evidence of 2 – ketohexose structure (formation of penta acetate, formation of cyanohydrin its hydrolysis and reduction by HI to give 2-Carboxy-n-hexane) Same osazone formation from glucose and fructose, Hydrogen bonding in osazones, cyclic structure for fructose (Furanose structure, Haworth formula).

Inter Conversion of Monosaccharides: Aldopentose to aldo hexose – eg: Arabinose to Dglucose, D- mannose (kiliani – Fischer method). Epimers, Epimerisation- Lobry de bruyn van Ekenstein rearrangement. Aldohexose – Aldopentose eg: D-glucose to D-arabinose by Ruff's degradation. Aldohexose(+) (glucose) to ketohexose (–)(Fructose) and Ketohexose (Fructose) to aldohexose (Glucose).

S6-O-2: Amino acids and proteins

05 Hrs

acids into acidic, basic and neutral amino acids with examples. Methods of synthesis: General methods of synthesis of alpha amino acids (specific examples – Glycine, Alanine, valine and Leucene) by following methods: a) From halogenated Carboxylic acid b)Malonic ester synthesis c) strecker's synthesis. Physical properties: Optical activity of naturally occurring amino acids: L – configuration, irrespective of sign of rotation. Zwitter ion structure – salt like character, solubility, melting points, amphoteric character, definition of isoelectric point. Chemical properties: General reactions due to amino and carboxyl groups – Lactams from gamma and delta amino acids by heating peptide bond (amide linkage). Structure and nomenclature of peptides and proteins, peptide synthesis.

Unit-III (Physical Chemistry)

11 Hrs

S6-P-1: Thermodynamics –I

11 Hrs

A brief review of - Energy, work and heat units, mechanical equivalent of heat, definition of system, surroundings. I law of thermodynamics statement- various forms mathematical expression. Thermodynamic quantities- extensive properties and intensive properties, state function, path functions energy as a state function, and exact differential. Work of expansion and heat absorbed as path function. Expression for work of expansion, sign convention problems on I law. Heat changes at constant pressure and heat changes at constant volume. Enthalpy. Heat capacities at constant pressure and constant volume. Derivation Cp-Cv=R.

Isothermal adiabatic processes. Reversible and irreversible processes. Reversible change and maximum work. Derivation of expression for maximum work for isothermal reversible process. Problems. Internal energy of an ideal gas. Joules experiment and Joule-Thompson coefficient. Adiabatic changes in ideal gas derivation of equation, PV = constant. P-V curves for isothermal and adiabatic processes. Heat of a reaction at constant volume and at constant pressure, relation between H and V. Variation of heat of reaction with temperature. Kirchhoff's equation and problems. Limitations of I law and need for II law. Statement of II law of thermodynamics. Cyclic process. Heat engine, Carnot's theorem, Carnot's cycle. Derivation of efficiency of heat engine problems. Thermodynamic scale of temperature.

Unit-IV (General Chemistry)

12 Hrs

S6-G-1: Proton Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

04 Hrs

Principles of nuclear magnetic resonance, equivalent and non-equivalent protons, position of signals. Chemical shift, NMR splitting of signals – spin-spin coupling, representation of proton NMR spectrum – Integrations. ¹H NMR spectrum of – ethyl bromide, acetaldehyde, 1,1,2-tribromo ethane, ethyl acetate and acetophenone.

S6-G-2: Mass Spectrometry

04 Hrs

Electron Impact Mass: Basic principles, Nitrogen rule, types of ions: Molecular ion, fragment ion and isotopic ions, representation of mass spectrum, types of peaks (molecular ion, fragment and isotopic ion peaks). Determination of molecular weight Mass spectrum of ethyl chloride, ethyl bromide and acetophenone.

S6-G-3: Thermodynamics- II

04 Hrs

Entropy: Definition from Carnot's cycle. Entropy as a state function. Entropy as a measure of disorder. Sign of entropy change for spontaneous and non-spontaneous processes & equilibrium processes. Entropy changes in i). Reversible isothermal process, ii). Reversible adiabatic process, iii). phase change, iv). reversible change of state of an ideal gas. Problems. Entropy of mixing inert perfect gases. Free energy Gibb's function (G) and Helmholtz's function (A) as thermodynamic quantities. Concept of maximum work and net work G as criteria for

spontaneity. Derivation of equation G = H - T S. significance of the equation. Gibbs equations and the Maxwell relations. Variation of G with P, V and T.

References:

Unit- I

- 1. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by F.A.Cotton, G.Wilkinson and Paul.L. Gaus 3rd edn Wiley Publishers (2001).
- 2. Inorganic Chemistry Principles of structure and reactivity by James E.Huhey, E.A. Keiter and R.L. Keiter 4th edn. (2006)
- 3. Metal Ions In Reaction mechanisms, K. Veera Reddy. Galgotia Publications Pvt Ltd(2004)

Unit-II

- 1. Text book of organic chemistry by Soni. Sultan Chand & Sons; Twenty Ninth edition (2012)
- 2. General Organic chemistry by Sachin Kumar Ghosh. New Age Publishers Pvt Ltd (2008)
- 3. Text book of organic chemistry by Morrison and Boyd. Person(2009)
- 4. Text book of organic chemistry by Graham Solomons. Wiley(2015)
- 5. Text book of organic chemistry by Bruice Yuranis Powla. 2nd Edition (2012)

Unit III

- 1. Principles of physical chemistry by Prutton and Marron. The Macmillan Company; 4th edition (1970)
- 2. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Soni and Dharmahara. Sulthan Chand & sons.(2011)
- 3. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Puri, Sharmaand Pattania. chand and Co.(2017)
- 4. Physical Chemistry by Atkins & De Paula, 8th Edition, 2009
- 5. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by K. L. Kapoor. (2012)
- 6. Physical Chemistry through problems by S.K. Dogra. (2015)
- 7. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by R.P. Verma.
- 8. Elements of Physical Chemistry by Lewis Glasstone. Macmillan (1966)
- 9. Thermodynamics by Rajaram, Vishal Publishing Co,(2013)

Unit IV

- 1. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by F.A.Cotton, G.Wilkinson and Paul.L. Gaus 3rd edn Wiley Publishers (2001).
- 2. Organic Spectroscopy, William Kemp Palgrave Macmillan; 2nd Revised edition (1 February 1987)
- 3. Principles of physical chemistry by Prutton and Marron. (The Macmillan Company; 4th edition (1970)
- 4. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Soni and Dharmahara. Sulthan Chand & sons.(2011).
- 5. Text Book of Physical Chemistry by Puri, Sharmaand Pattania. chand and Co.(2017)
- 6. Thermodynamics by Rajaram. Vishal Publishing Co,(2013)

U.G. CHEMISTERY (Under CBCS)

B.Sc. Final Year (DSC-1F) SEMESTER – VI

LABORATORY COURSE

DSC-VI (P): CHEMISTRY-VII (Physical Chemistry-II)

(03 Hrs per week, 01 Credit) 45 Hrs

I. Distribution law

- Determination of distribution coefficient of iodine between water and carbon
 Tetrachloride/determination of molecular status and partition coefficient of benzoic acid in
 Toluene and water.
- 2. Determination of distribution coefficient of acetic acid between n-butanol and water.

II. Electrochemistry

- 1. Determination of cell constant of conductivity cell.
- 2. Determination of dissociation constant (Ka) of acetic acid by conductivity measurements.
- 3. Determination of solubility and solubility product of BaSO₄

III. Colorimetry

1. Verification of Beer's - Lamberts law for KMnO₄ and determine the concentration of given solution.

IV. Adsorption

1. Adsorption of acetic acid on animal charcoal, verification of Freundlich isotherm.

V. Physical constants

1. Surface tension and viscosity of liquids.

- 1. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. *Senior Practical Physical Chemistry*, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
- 2. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. *Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry*, Universities Press.

U.G. CHEMISTERY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSE-1F)

SEMESTER – VI

ELECTIVE - A

DSE-IIA (T): MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY

(03 Hrs per week, 03 Credits) 45 Hrs

Unit- I: Introduction and Terminology

11Hrs

S6-E-A-I: Diseases: Common diseases, infective diseases—insect borne, air-borne, water-borne and hereditary diseases.

Terminology in Medicinal Chemistry: Drug, Pharmacology, Pharmacophore,

Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, metabolites, anti metabolites and therapeutic index.

Drugs: Nomenclature: Chemical name, Generic name and Trade names with examples; Classification: Classification based on structures and therapeutic activity with examples.

ADME: a) Absorption: Definition, absorption of drugs across the membrane – active and passive absorption, routes of administration of drugs. b) Distribution: definition and effect of plasma protein binding. c) Metabolism: definition, phase I and phase II reactions. d) Elimination: definition and renal elimination.

Unit-II: Enzymes and Receptors

11Hrs

S6-E-A-II: Enzymes: Introduction. Mechanism and factors affecting enzyme action, Specificity of enzyme action (including stereo specificity), Enzyme inhibitors and their importance. Types of inhibition - reversible, irreversible and their subtypes with examples.

Receptors: Introduction, Drug action-receptor theory, Mechanism of drug action, concept of agonists and antagonists with examples. Drug receptor interactions involved in drug receptor complex. binding role of –OH group, -NH₂ group, quaternary ammonium salts and double bond. Structure – activity relationships of drug molecules, explanation with sulfonamides.

Unit- III: Synthesis and Therapeutic Activity of Drugs

12Hrs

S6-E-A-III: Introduction, synthesis and therapeutic activity of :

Chemotherapeutics: Sulphanilamide, dapsone, Pencillin-G (semi synthesis), Chloroquin, Isoniazid, Cisplatin and AZT.

Drugs to treat metabolic disorders: Anti diabetic - Tolbutamide; Antiinflammatiory – Ibuprofen; Cardiovascular- Glyceryl trinitrate; Antipyretic (paracetamol, aspirin) and Antacid-Omeprazole.

Drugs acting on nervous system: Anesthetics-definition, Classification-local and general. Volatile- Nitrous oxide, chloroform uses and disadvantages. Local anesthetics – benzocaine.

Unit- IV: Molecular Messengers and Health Promoting Drugs

11Hrs

S6-E-A-IV: Molecular Messengers: Introduction to hormones and neurotransmitters, Thyroid hormones, Antithyroid drug-Carbimazol. Adrenaline: Adrenergic drugs- salbutamol, atenelol. Serotonin: SSRIs- fluoxetine. Dopamine: Antiparkinson drug- Levodopa.

Health promoting drugs: Introduction, sources, Deficiency disorders and remedy of Vitamins A,B, C, D, E, K and micronutrients – Na, K, Ca, Cu, Zn and I.

- 1. G.L. Patrick: Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press, New York. 2013.
- 2. Thomas Nogrady, Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford Univ. Press, New York.2005.
- 3. David William and Thomas Lemke, Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2008.
- 4. Ashutosh Kar Medicinal Chemistry, New Age International, 2005.
- 5. O.D.Tyagi & M.Yadav Synthetic Drugs by, Anmol Publications,1998.
- 6. Medicinal Chemistry by Alka L. Gupta, Pragati Prakashan.
- 7. G. L. David Krupadanam, D.Vijaya Prasad, K.Varaprasad Rao, K. L. N. Reddy, C. Sudhakar, Drugs, Universities Press (India) Ltd. 2012.

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTERY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSE-1F) SEMESTER – VI

ELECTIVE - A

LABORATORY COURSE

DSE: CHEMISTRY LAB -VIII

(Qualitative analysis of Organic Compounds)

(02 Hrs per week, 01 Credit) 30 Hrs

I. Qualitative Analysis of Organic Compounds

Identification of an organic compound through the functional group analysis. Determination of melting point and preparation of suitable derivatives.

- 1. Vogel A I, Tatchell A R, Furnis B S, Hannaford A J & Smith P W G., *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996
- 2. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. *Practical Organic Chemistry* Orient-Longman, 1960.
- 3. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry, Universities Press.

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTERY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSE-1F) SEMESTER – VI

ELECTIVE-B

DSE-IIB (T): AGRICULTURAL AND FUEL CHEMISTRY

(03 Hrs per week, 03 Credits) 45 Hrs

Unit I: Pesticides 12Hrs

S6-E-B-I: Introduction, Definition, classification of pesticides based on use (target). Toxicity and chemical structure with examples. Adverse effects of pesticides and its impact on environmental pollution. Synthesis, technical manufacture and uses of representative pesticides in the following classes: Organochlorines (Cypermethrin); Organophosphates (Parathion); Carbamates (carbaryl); Quinones (Chloranil), Anilides (Alachlor).

Pesticide formulations: Dusts, Granules, Wettable powders, Emulsions and Aerosols.

Biopestcides: Introduction: Potential pesticidal plants of India, Role of Neem in plant protection-constituents, Azadirachtin and its role in pest control, Structure and mode of action of Pyrethrins(pyrethrin-1) and Pyrethroids (permethrin) and nicotinoids (Imidacloprid).

Unit II: Fertilizers 11Hrs

S6-E-B-II: Introduction: (need of fertilizers), functions of essential plant nutrients (N, P, K), Classification formula and uses of fertilizers:

Nitrogenous fertilizers: Ammonium nitrate, Urea, Calcium Cyanamide, Calcium Ammonium Nitrate, Sodium Nitrate, Ammonium Chloride and their uses.

Phosphate fertilizers: Normal super phosphate, Triple Super Phosphate, Ammonium Phosphate and their uses.

Potassium fertilizers: Potassium chloride, potassium nitrate, potassium sulphate and uses.

Complex fertilisers: Diaammonium Phosphate and mixed fertilizers their uses. Manufacture of urea and Super phosphate of lime and their reactions in the soil.

Biofertilizers: Introduction, definition, classification, Rhizobium, Azatobactor, Azospirillium, Azolla, Blue Green Algae, Vermicomposting and uses.

Organic farming: The principal methods, crop rotation, green manures and compost, biological pest control, and mechanical cultivation and uses.

Unit III: Energy Sources and Coal

11Hrs

S6-E-B-III: Review of energy sources (renewable and non-renewable). Classification of fuels and their calorific value.

Coal: Uses of coal (fuel and nonfuel) in various industries, its composition, carbonization of coal. Coal gas, producer gas and water gas—composition and uses. Fractionation of coal tar, uses of coal tar bases chemicals, requisites of a good metallurgical coke, Coal gasification (Hydro gasification and Catalytic gasification), Coal liquefaction and Solvent Refining.

Unit IV: Petroleum, Petrochemical Industry and Lubricants

11Hrs.

S6-E-B-IV: Petroleum and Petrochemical Industry: Composition of crude petroleum, Refining and different types of petroleum products and their applications.

Fractional Distillation - Principle and process, Cracking -Thermal and catalytic cracking, Reforming of Petroleum and non-petroleum fuels (LPG, CNG, LNG, bio-gas, fuels derived from biomass), fuel from waste, synthetic fuels (gaseous and liquids), clean fuels. Petrochemicals: Vinyl acetate, Propylene oxide, Isoprene and their uses.

Lubricants: Classification of lubricants, Properties and functions of lubricants (viscosity index, point, pour point) and their determination. Lubricating oils (conducting and nonconducting) Solid and semisolid lubricants, synthetic lubricants.

- 1. N. N. Melnikov, Chemistry of pesticides; Springer-Verlag- Technology & Engineering (2012).
- 2. Thomas A. Unger Pesticide Synthesis Handbook; Elsevier, (2000).
- 3. R. Cremlyn Pesticides; John Wiley, 1980.
- 4. A. K. Kolay Manures and Fetrtilisers; Published by Atlantic (2007).
- 5. Stocchi, E. Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK (1990).
- 6. Jain, P.C. & Jain, M. Engineering Chemistry Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
- 7. Sharma, B.K. & Gaur, H. Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut (1996).

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTERY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSC-1F) SEMESTER – VI

Elective-B

LABORATORY COURSE

DSE: CHEMISTRY LAB -VIII

(Synthesis of Drugs & Organic Compounds)

(02 Hrs per week, 01 Credit) 30 Hrs

- 1. Preparation of Aspirin
- 2. Preparation of Paracetamol
- 3. Preparation of Acetanilide
- 4. Preparation of Barbutiric Acid
- 5. Preparation of Antipyrine

- 1. Medicinal Chemistry, Ashutoshkar, New Age International Ltd
- 2. Vogel's Text book of Organic Chemistry

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTERY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSC-1F) SEMESTER – VI

Elective-C

CHEMISTRY PAPER-VIII DSE: GREEN CHEMISTRY (03 Hrs per week, 03 Credits) 45 Hrs

UNIT-I 11Hrs

S6-E-C-1: Introduction of Green Chemistry

Introduction- Definition of green Chemistry, need of green chemistry, basic principles of green chemistry. Green synthesis- Evalution of the type of the reaction i) Rearrangements (100% atom economic), ii) Addition reaction (100% atom economic). Organic reactions by Sonication method: apparatus required examples of sonochemical reactions (Heck, Hundsdiecker and Wittig reactions).

UNIT-II 11 Hrs

S6-E-C-2: Selection of Solvent

i) Aqueous phase reactions ii) Reactions in ionic liquids, Heckreaction, Suzuki reactions, epoxidation. iii) Solid supported synthesis

Super critical CO₂: Preparation, properties and applications, (decaffeination, dry cleaning)

UNIT-III 11Hrs

S6-E-C-3: Microwave and Ultrasound assisted green synthesis

Apparatus required, examples of MAOS (synthesis of fused Anthraquinone, Leukart reductive amination of ketones) - Advantages and disadvantages of MAOS. Aldol condensation-Cannizzaro reaction-Diels-Alder reactions-Strecker's synthesis

UNIT-IV 12 Hrs

S6-E-C-4: Examples of green synthesis / reactions and some real world cases:

- 1. Green synthesis of the following compounds: adipic acid , catechol , disodium imino di acetate (alternative Strecker's synthesis)
- 2. Microwave assisted reaction in water Hoffmann elimination methyl benzoate to benzoic acid oxidation of toluene and alcohols microwave assisted reactions in organic solvents. Diels-Alder reactions and decarboxylation reaction.
- 3. Ultrasound assisted reactions sonochemical Simmons –Smith reaction (ultrasonic alternative to iodine)

- 1. Green Chemistry Theory and Practice. P.T. Anatas and J.C. Warner
- 2. Green Chemistry V.K. Ahluwalia., Narosa, New Delhi.
- 3. Real world cases in Green Chemistry M.C. Cann and M.E. Connelly
- 4. Green Chemistry: Introductory Text M.Lancaster: Royal Society of Chemistry (London)
- 5. Green Chemistry: Introductory Text, M.Lancaster
- 6. Principles and practice of heterogeneous catalysis, Thomas J.M., Thomas M.J., John Wiley
- 7. Green Chemistry: Environmental friendly alternatives R S Sanghli and M.M Srivastava, Narosa Publications.

KAKATIYA UNIVERSITY U.G. CHEMISTERY (Under CBCS) B.Sc. Final Year (DSC-1F) SEMESTER – VI

Elective-C

LABORATORY COURSE

DSE: CHEMISTRY LAB –VIII (Preparation of Organic Compounds by Green Methods) (02 Hrs per week, 01 Credit) 30 Hrs

- 1. Acetylation of 1⁰ amine by green method: Preparation of acetanilide
- 2. Rearrangement reaction in green conditions: Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangement
- 3. Electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction: Nitration of phenol
- 4. Radical coupling reaction: Preparation of 1,1-bis -2-naphthol
- 5. Green oxidation reaction: Synthesis of adipic acid
- 6. Green procedure for Diels Alder reaction between furan and maleic anhydride

- 1. Green Chemistry Theory and Practice. P.T.Anatas and J.C. Warner
- 2. Green Chemistry V.K. Ahluwalia Narosa, New Delhi.
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