

# INDIAN CONSTITUTION FORMATION DAY

26.11.2021

Constitution formation Day 86<sup>th</sup> November,  
1949 Celebration Programme conducted. Participants,  
Staff members and students participated in this  
Programme.

1. J. Anasooya - H.O.D. - Jui
2. K. Surekha - K. Suj
3. E. Narendra - Fi
4. M. Dinesh - M. Dinesh





06.12.2021

Dr. B.R. Ambedkar 65<sup>th</sup> Death Anniversary Day Programme conducted in the college on 6<sup>th</sup> December 2021. Rep. Principal, staff members and Students are participated in this programme.

1. J. Anasooya HOD - *J. Anasooya*

2. K. Surekha - *K. Surekha*

3. E. Narendra - *E. Narendra*

4. M. Dinesh - *M. Dinesh*



## **INTERNATIONAL Human Rights DAY**

**Human rights** are moral principles or norms for certain standards of human behaviour and are regularly protected in municipal and international law. They are commonly understood as inalienable, fundamental rights "to which a person is inherently entitled simply because she or he is a human being" and which are "inherent in all human beings", regardless of their age, ethnic origin, location, language, religion, ethnicity, or any other status. They are applicable everywhere and at every time in the sense of being universal and they are egalitarian in the sense of being the same for everyone. They are regarded as requiring empathy and the rule of law and imposing an obligation on persons to respect the human rights of others, and it is generally considered that they should not be taken away except as a result of due process based on specific circumstances.

It is a common observation that human beings everywhere require the realization of diverse values or capabilities to ensure their individual and collective well-being. It also is a common observation that this requirement whether conceived or expressed as a moral or a legal demand—is often painfully frustrated by social as well as natural forces, resulting in exploitation, oppression, persecution, and other forms of deprivation. Deeply rooted in these twin observations are the beginnings of what today are called "human rights" and the national and international legal processes associated with them.

### **Civil and Political Rights**

These rights are drawn from historic bills of rights such as the French declaration of the rights of man and the citizen (1789) and the US Bill of the first 21 Article of the universal declaration of human rights and treaties such as European convention. The International convention the International covenant on civil and political rights, the American convention on human rights and the African charter on human and peoples rights.

### **Some Representative formulations are as follows:**

Every one has the right to freedom of thought and expression this right include freedom to seek, receive and impart information and idea of all kinds regardless of frontiers either orally in writing in print in the form of art or through any other medium of one's choice (American convention on Human Rights Article 13.1)



10.12.2021 -

International Human Rights Day Programme is conducted in the college Department of Political Science at room No 121. Respected Principal, Lecturers and students are participated. Many students viewed this Programme was very interesting.





## **National Panchayati Raj Day**

**National Panchayati Raj Day** is the national day of Panchayati Raj System in India celebrated by Ministry of Panchayati Raj on 24 April annually.

Then Prime Minister of India Manmohan Singh declared the first National Panchayati Raj Day on 24 April 2010. He mentioned that if Panchayati Raj institutions (PRIs) functioned properly and locals participated in the development process, the Maoist threat could be countered.

Addressing the Elected Representatives, Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 24 April 2015 called for an end to the practice of "husbands of women sarpanches" or "sarpanch pati" exercising undue influence on the work of their wives elected to power. The word Panchayat is an amalgamation of two words "Panch" and "Ayat" Panch means five and layat means Assembly, Therefore Panchayat is said to be an assembly of five member who work for the upliftment of the local communities and resolve disputes as a lower level.

National Panchayati Raj Day is celebrated every year on April 24 to raise awareness about the panchayats and gram sabhas along with local self-governments in rural India. The Panchayati raj system in India is divided into three levels that include Gram panchayat at the village level, block panchayat or panchayat Samiti at the intermediate level, and Zila panchayat at the district level.

The system gives responsibility to the villages to perform their own activities. Balwant Rai Mehta proposed the decentralisation of gram panchayat and is also known as the 'Father of Panchayati Raj'. The concept of self-governance has helped in the well functioning of the panchayat system in India.

On this day, various representatives from the panchayats across the country have a share in dialogue and motivate to celebrate their achievements. Thus, panchayat means an assembly of five members who work at enhancing the lives of the local community by solving disputes at the local level.

### **NATIONAL PANCHAYATI RAJ DAY 2022: HISTORY**

Though the Panchayati Raj Institutions have been in existence for a long time, it has been observed that these institutions have not been able to acquire the status and dignity of viable and responsive people's bodies due to a number of



24-04-2022

## NATIONAL PANCHAYATH <sup>RAJ</sup> DAY

The National panchayati Raj formed on 24 April. 73rd Amendment Act. 1992. of the constitution into effect in the year 1993.

panchayati Raj strengthens the foundation of Indian democracy. It provides representation to the weaker sections of the society namely scheduled Tribes, scheduled Castes, other backward classes and women. The Gram Panchayat maintains water sources, village wells, tanks and pumps. Street lighting and drainage system.





No	NAME of the student	Sign
1)	ch. Priyanka	Priyanka
2)	J. Suvano	J. Suvano
3)	K. Geetha	K. Geetha
4)	N. Vasantha	N. Vasantha
5)	M. Sumithra	M. Sumithra
6)	B. Lavanya	B. Lavanya
7)	M. Alexhaya	M. Alexhaya
8)	M. Mallishwari	M. Mallishwari
9)	M. Manasa	M. Manasa
10)	B. Maunika	B. Maunika
11)	J. Anitha	J. Anitha
12)	vasantha	vasantha
13)	Bhavana	Bhavana
14)	S. Sakhar	S. Sakhar
15)	M. Vishnu Vardhan	M. Vishnu Vardhan
16)	J. Gangadhar	J. Gangadhar
17)	D. Naveen	D. Naveen
18)	Sheshikanth	Sheshikanth
19)	B. Nithish	B. Nithish
20)	A. Rakhi	A. Rakhi
21)	B. Anandika	B. Anandika
22)	B. Rakshit	B. Rakshit

23/04/2022





**Nizamabad, TG, India**  
**Gurubabadi, Nizamabad, 503001,**  
**Lat 18.696322, Long 78.104514**  
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