

SRI CHITTEM NARSIREDDY MEMORIAL GOVT. DEGREE COLLEGE, NARAYANPET

NARAYANPET DISTRICT-509210

(Affiliated to Palamuru University)

Email: gdcnarayanpet@gmail .com: : prl-gdc-nrpt-ce.cce@telangana.gov.in Website: <u>https://gdcts.cgg.gov.in/sldcnarayanpet.edu</u>

7.1.3 Green Audit Certificate



भारतसरकार/Government of India

महात्मा गांधी राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण शिक्षा परिषद / Mahatma Gandhi National Council of Rural Education उच्चशिक्षाविभाग/Department of Higher Education शिक्षामंत्रालय / Ministry of Education



District Green Champion Certificate

This is to certify that Sri Chittem Narsi Reddy Memorial Government Degree College, Narayanapet is hereby recognized as District Green Champion for Narayanapet District, Telangana for the Academic Year 2021-22. The institution has successfully elevated the Swachhta Action Plan, adopted and implemented best practices in the areas of Sanitation, Hygiene, Waste Management, Water Management, Energy Management and Greenery Management.

Dr W G Prasanna Kumar Chairman, MGNCRE Ministry of Education, Government of India

तारीख / Date : 12.03.2022 ज्ञापनसंख्या/ Memo no: MGNCRE/SAP22/N26



Environmental Protection - " B " Grade A estibule Dr. A. Nageswara Rao Dept. of Zoology Dr. D. Seshikala Dr. A. Vijaya Bhasker Reddy Academic Guidance Officer Dept. of. Environ. Science OU, Hyderabad Dept. of Botany Nizam College, OU, Hyd. O/o Collegiate Education Nizam College, OU, Hyd Hyderabad

Report on

Beyond campus Environmental promotion activities

CLEAN & GREEN CAMPUS AND NEARBY VILLAGES DRIVE

Date:22-11-2019

Venue: Nearby Village: Bhairam konda

No. of Teachers participated:08

No. of Students participated:50

COORDINATOR Dr. Krishna Reddy(Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics

PROGRAM REPORT

Objective of the Event:

To gather information about the productivity of the farmers. And understand the status of farm mechanization in the surveyed village.it also orgnised To inform about the impact of natural hazards on rural farmers' productivity. Theme of Visit in Village: Improved livelihoods of rural communities through sustainable agricultural practices.

Description of the Event:

Visit an agriculture field in a nearby village and collect the following information:

a) Different implements used by farmers . Nature of crops grown there. The time of sowing and harvesting of crops. Methods of irrigating the field. Any manure/fertilizer used by farmers. Storage of grains. Pros and cons of organic versus chemical fertilizer Some of the major problems and their possible solutions have been discussed as follows. Farmers are plagued by several problems in agriculture; some of them are natural and some others are manmade.

1) Seed is a critical and basic input for attaining higher crop yields and sustained growth in agricultural production. Distribution of assured quality seed is as critical as the production of such seeds. Unfortunately, good quality seeds are out of reach of the majority of farmers, especially small and marginal farmers mainly because of exorbitant prices of better seeds. In order to solve this problem, government can define a committee at each block level to augment the supply of improved seeds to the farmers.

2) Soils have been used for growing crops over thousands of years without caring much for replenishing. This has led to depletion and exhaustion of soils resulting in their low productivity. The average yields of almost all the crops are among t e lowest in the world. This is a serious problem which can be solved by using more manures and fertilizers.

3) Storage facilities in the rural areas are either totally absent or grossly inadequate. Under such conditions the farmers are compelled to sell their produce immediately after the harvest at the prevailing market prices which are bound to be low. Such distress sale deprives the farmers of their legitimate income. In order to solve this problem, Government has to define a scheme for establishment of national Grid of Rural Godowns and a network of Rural Storage Centers to serve the economic interests of the farming community..

4) One of the main handicaps with agriculture is the lack of cheap and efficient means of transportation. Even at present there are lakhs of villages which are not well connected with main roads or with market centers. Most roads in the rural areas are Kutcha (bullock- cart roads) and become useless in the rainy season. Under these circumstances the farmers cannot carry their produce to the main market and are forced to sell it in the local market at low price. This problem can be solved by linking each village by metalled road which is a gigantic task and it needs huge sums of money to complete this task.

Students participated in Clean and Green programme conducted at Bhairamkonda village.















అప్పక్ పళ్లిలో గుంతలు పూడ్చేందుకు మొరం వేస్తున్న విద్యార్థులు

త చురుకుగా పాల్గొంటుంది. చిట్టెం నర్సిరెడ్డి అధ్వర్యంలో అప్పక్ట్రప్లిలో ప్రభుత్వ పాఠశాల మెమోరియల్ ప్రభుత్వ డిగ్రీ కళాశాలకు చెందిన ఆవరణలో మొరం సాయంతో గుంతలు ర మెమారియల ప్రభుత్వ డగ్ర కళాశాలకు చిందిన ఆవరణల మందరా సాయంతా సాయంత డ ఎన్ఎస్ఎస్ వాలంటీర్ల ఆధ్వర్యంలో నిర్వహించిన పూడ్చారు. సర్పంచ్ వెంకటమ్మ, పీఓ భాస్కర్ రెడ్డి. శ శిబిరాలు మండలంలోని సింగారం, అప్పక్ పల్లిలో శ్రీనివాసులు, కతలప్ప, టీచర్ స్వాతి, విష్ణవర్ధన్ శశ కొనసాగాయి. యూనిట్- 4 ఆధ్వర్యంలో సింగా రెడ్డి, సాబప్ప, ఇండ్రలీల పాల్గొన్నారు.

నారాయణపేట రూరల్: సామాజిక సేవలో యువ రంలో శ్రమదానం నిర్వహించారు. యూనిట్ - 2

Campaign on Cleaning a Lake

Date:08.09.2021

Venue: Nearby Village: Jajapur

No. of Teachers participated: 06

No. of Students participated: 50

COORDINATOR Dr. Krishna Reddy (Assistant Professor, Department of Mathematics

The NSS IV Unite conducted an awareness programme on "Cleaning Lake: its valuation, sustainable management and conservation on 25th November, 2021 supported by the students of SCNM GDC Narayanpet, The aim of this awareness programme was to make local people aware about significance of keeping a lake neat and clean, on this occasion who were presented in this programme delivered valuable speeches regarding the sustainable management and conservation of Jajapur lake. In this programme one PRA exercise was also conducted where total 141 local people participated and prepare resource map.

Total 50 students along with few faculty members participated in this campaign, students participated actively in this programme as it is there obligation in part of this mission.

Students met the maximum of villagers and tried to motivate them towards keeping their lake neat and clean even villagers were explained the benefits of keeping lake clean.

Lecturers gathered the villagers and explained them how to keep clean and neat their and even they explained thoroughly the consequences of a lake which is dirty. They convinced the villagers to take immediate participation which involves keeping a lake neat and clean. Further the villagers were explained how does a clean lake is useful to cultivate the fields.

With the support of villagers the faculty and students successfully completed this campaign.









